

Death Of Fr. Carroll—Back Page

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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Israel Censured

SATURDAY night's vote against Israel in the United Nations gives expression to world apprehension over the continuing Middle East problem. But the resolution, proposed by the Afro-Asian bloc, condemning Israel's failure to comply with earlier resolutions and seeking an immediate withdrawal of Israeli troops from Egypt, demonstrates not only a woolly-headed approach to this particular problem, but also the familiar reluctance of the United Nations to get to grips with the thorny issues confronting it.

Why Britain should have supported this particular resolution is beyond reason. Admittedly the plan—that an invader should evacuate captured territory—is difficult to oppose because of the misunderstandings and maliciously wrong inferences a vote against it would arouse. But does it mean that because a well-meaning but sloppy and unrealistic resolution is proposed that those who know better must approve it to placate the majority? The UN is asked to grasp the nettle, not to indulge in genteel diplomacy.

PART from Israel, only France has the courage of its convictions to oppose the resolution. Does Britain now believe that the withdrawal of Israeli troops from Gaza and the Gulf of Aqaba will solve the border situation, or dissipate the chronic enmity between Jew and Arab? Since frontier friction is the first obstacle to peace in the Middle East a much more sensible course to take would be to vote for a permanent establishment of the Emergency Force, at least until a peace treaty can be signed.

Israel also needs guarantees that if it restores all captured territory to Egypt there will be no repetition of Egyptian fedayeen raids into its territory. Unless Egypt is ready to give this assurance in much more substantial terms than the false pledge it gave to Mr Hammarskjöld last year, it is hardly fair to expect Israel to restore the Gaza horridities to its antagonists. Israel also needs the assurance that its shipping will have the unhindered access to the Aqaba Gulf port of Ellath or use of the Suez Canal before it can be expected to restore captured territory in this area to Egypt.

SO far Israel has not even been assured that its grievances will be considered. And there is no certainty that Mr Hammarskjöld will be able to extract a foolproof promise from President Nasser if Egypt gets its own way immediately. Until adequate guarantees are forthcoming Israel cannot be blamed for insisting on occupation of Egyptian territory.

Another problem is that Jordanian and Syrian border interference has been as flagrant as Egyptian fedayeen raids and that in the Gulf of Aqaba, Saudi Arabia is as much of a nuisance to Israeli shipping as Egypt. It seems the height of stupidity to separate these problems from the present one between Israel and Egypt. And since the continued occupation of Egyptian territory gives Israel the only hope of resolving the dispute with its chief antagonist, it is essential for the United Nations to get to the heart of the problem immediately.

If an adequate security arrangement is devised for the Egypt-Israel border, this should be extended to include the entire Israel-Arab border. If it is not and the nuisance raids continue from Jordan and Syria, Israel cannot be blamed for thinking that it requires a major invasion of each antagonist to extract "United Nations" guarantees. The consequences of this situation are not hard to imagine.

FIRES & FIGHTING IN NICOSIA

Tense Situation: Curfew Imposed

Nicosia, Jan. 20. The city of Nicosia was placed under full curfew tonight, amid reports of Turkish-Greek clashes, as fires blazed in Greek shops and houses in the old city.

British military police warned Britons to get out of the old city immediately as "Greeks and Turks are clashing in one quarter of the old town." Then loudspeaker van toured the city announcing the house curfew on the Greek and Turkish sectors, and warning people on the line between the two sectors to disperse and go home.

Security forces also toured the area trying to calm people down.

Greek church bells rang out over the city as the fires—the sixth and seventh of the day—broke out late tonight.

Uneasy Calm

British Army and RAF fire brigades had not long before brought under control the fifth, and so far the largest, fire of the day in a timber shop.

An official communique said that various minor skirmishes followed the outbreak of fire in the timber store. An uneasy calm descended with the curfew. Unofficial reports said earlier that Greek and Turkish Cypriots were clashing in the Ayios Cassianos quarter—essentially a Greek-inhabited area immediately adjoining the Turkish sector. Only barbed wire separates the two.

The night was filled with smoke and noise.

Fire engines raced through the streets, unidentified reports and bangs sounded continuously, accompanied by the sounds of police whistles, loudspeakers and church bells, and the occasional thud of a burned roof crashing to the ground.

Observers said never before had feeling appeared so tense on both sides of the barrier.

Cypriot reserve police armed with batons had been called out to disperse rioting Cypriot-Turkish youths who ran through the streets settling fire to Greek-owned or occupied shops, according to eyewitness reports. By midday four fires had been reported.

The incidents followed the killing of a Cypriot-Turkish police constable yesterday during a bomb attack on a power station.—Reuter.

Reds Invade Austria To Recapture Refugees

Eisenstadt, Austria, Jan. 20. Russian-backed Hungarian Communist police invaded Austria today and opened fire on a group of fleeing refugees. All but one of the group were captured and returned to Hungary.

Austrian border guards said at least 100 rifle and tommy-gun shots were fired in the 15-minute battle in the dusk.

One of the refugees escaped the onslaught, some 60 miles northwest of Vienna. He was a Hungarian soldier and he was gravely wounded with bullet wounds in the spine.

Women and children were among the refugees. An Austrian border guard lying in the bushes of the swampy area near Nikitsch, south of the Neusiedler Lake, saw the whole incident.

This time there were too many invaders for the lone Austrian border guard to act. He said there were at least 30 in the invading force.

An Austrian border police officer said: "We believe the refugees were betrayed. They must have had a guide who tipped off the border guards on the Hungarian side, because it is very unusual to have 30 Hungarian border guards together at one point."

FOUGHT RUSSIANS

The soldier who escaped spotted the Austrian border guard and dashed towards him. The survivor said he was a soldier who had fought against the Russians in Budapest.

The Austrian border guard who witnessed the operation said the Hungarian police shepherd the would-be escapees back into Hungary.

The wounded refugee was taken to hospital at Oberpullendorf, near where the border violation took place.

Austrian doctors said he was expected to survive and would be a valuable witness in the formal protest Austria is expected to make.

The violation was the first since November 23, when three Russians chased a Hungarian girl across the Iron Curtain frontier.

On that occasion, Austrian border guards shot one of the invading Russians dead and captured another. The third Russian fled back into Hungary.

from the Russian soldiers manning the Iron Curtain.

Today the Austrian Chancellor, Dr. Julius Raab, spoke out in favour of a neutral status for suffering Hungary.

The Hungarian border police charged 200 yards into Austria to capture the 20 Hungarian refugees. Austrian police said a group of the Communist border guards moved 200 yards inside the border.

It was the worst known border violation since the Hungarian revolution broke out almost three months ago. Austrian police reached the scene of the fighting just in time to see

the frantic refugees being carried back into Hungary.

The refugees were captured after a wild pursuit in freezing weather on a snow-covered, marshy plain near Nikitsch, a small village just inside Austria, some 70 miles southeast of Vienna.

The police said the border guards surrounded the refugees and opened fire to terrify them. The refugees were then forced back into their homeland.

It was not known whether there were any Russians among the invading force. But Russian soldiers are known to be stationed all along the frontier.—United Press.

COSTLY MALAYA PLAN

Singapore, Jan. 21. A front-page report in the Straits Times today said Malaya's five-year economic development plan would involve minimum expenditure of 1,000 million Straits dollars (about £116,666,000 sterling).

The report, from the paper's correspondent in Kuala Lumpur, indicated no source for the figure on the plan's cost, which is \$250 million (about £29,166,666) more than the sum recommended by a 14-man World Bank mission which surveyed Malaya's development resources.

The plan is linked with Malaya's attainment of independence within the British Commonwealth on August 31. The mission had recommended capital investment of \$4750 million (about £568,333,333) to improve "basic services".

The Straits Times report today said Malayan government planners had increased the amount to be spent because they felt the mission underestimated the need to expand agriculture and social services.—Reuter.

Planes Collide

New Mexico, Jan. 20. Two F-84F Navy jet fighters collided 1,000 feet in the air while attempting to land at nearby Kirtland Air Force Base today. Both pilots were killed.—United Press.

RAINIER CENTRE OF NEW CONTROVERSY

Monaco, Jan. 21. Sacrifices of Monaco's 12 churches were today awaiting the signal to set their bells pealing to celebrate the birth of the heir of Prince Rainier and Princess Grace expected any time now.

Monaco's papers are circulating the Prince's decision that a 101-lb baby shall greet a boy, but only 21 cannon shots will be fired for a girl.

NEW SOVIET NUCLEAR TEST

Washington, Jan. 20. The United States Atomic Energy Commission today announced that the Soviet Union had made another nuclear weapons test. The agency said this resumed a testing programme which the Soviets began last August.

Mr Lewis L. Strauss, chairman of the Commission, issued this statement: "The Soviets yesterday conducted another nuclear weapons test in their current series which has been resumed since the announcement of a Soviet test was made by the United States on November 17, 1956."

On November 17, the AEC said it had "detected an explosion in Soviet territory within the range of magnitude of their previous nuclear detonations."

The Commission had said earlier that a Soviet test in August involved a device "with a yield of less than one megaton."

A negaton was the equivalent of the explosive force of one million tons of TNT. Today's announcement was the 17th by the United States of a Soviet atomic test. It was the fourth announcement since Aug. 20 when the start of the current Soviet test series was reported to have begun two days earlier.—Reuter.

GET ALL OF THE VOTES

Tel-Aviv, Jan. 20. The first results in the Polish elections have come through from Tel-Aviv, where a polling booth set up for Polish tourists and the Polish Legation in Israel has recorded a total of 62 voters, all valid, and all in support of Gomulka's National Front.

The results were sent by telegram to Warsaw after the closing of the booth at 1 p.m. (local time).—France-Press.

ELECTIONS IN POLAND LATEST

Gomulka Assured Of Huge Majority

Warsaw, Jan. 20. Poland today gave Titoite Wladyslaw Gomulka a huge vote of confidence in "free", nationwide Parliamentary elections which could settle Poland's future as an independent State.

Although no official returns were in, it was fairly obvious at midnight that Gomulka would get a huge majority.

There had been fears that he would not. But a combination of Church appeals to the nation to vote—an indirect endorsement of Gomulka—and dire warnings from Gomulka of what would happen if there were an anti-Gomulka trend, apparently swung the day for the Party.

The election system was so devised that the Polish voter could have refrained from supporting the Communist-backed candidates. And he could have boycotted the elections altogether.

Large Turnout

But reports from voting places showed that the turnout was large. They also showed that a majority of the voters, giving their support to the top candidates on the ballot, most of them Workers' Party, the Communist Party of Poland.

Gomulka himself may have done much to turn the tide in his favour with his emotional speech on Saturday, in which he said that to vote against the Communist candidate meant voters would "cross out Poland from the map of Europe."

It was a tough warning that the still strong Stalinist element within the Party ranks was ready and willing for him to tell. It was also a warning of Soviet intervention that could turn the country into another Hungary.

The Alternative

The Church helped Gomulka out with its appeal for everyone to vote. Poland is nearly 90 per cent Roman Catholic. Observers believed the Church has reconciled itself to the belief that the country must be ruled either by Gomulka, or by the Russians.

The turnout was heavy. There were few reported incidents.

Polish officials would make no comment on a statement by the official Soviet news agency Tass that "hoiiganism" marred the election in some areas. An official of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs said: "Until this evening, we did not have at our disposal reports which would enable us to confirm or deny reports of hoiganism."

Trouble Spreads

Djakarta, Jan. 20. South Sumatran leaders followed Central Sumatran in forming a revolutionary council to fight for provincial rights, the Indonesian news agency Antara reported today.

The news agency said that the new Eagle Revolutionary Council would be led by former Lt-Col Zainal Abidin King and would include chiefs, business leaders and veterans of the 1948 Division.

The Southern part of the large island is the richest producer of oil, from which the Central Government in Djakarta derives the most revenue—in the oil trade. The area has often complained that the central Government pays too much of the oil profit.—United Press.

Demonstration Against PM Ordered

London, Jan. 20. Britain's Communist Party ordered its members to converge on Parliament on Tuesday for a mass demonstration against the Prime Minister, Mr Harold Macmillan, when he faces Parliament for the first time as Premier.

The Red call for a mass "lobby" of Members of Parliament had the makings of trouble in it for Scotland Yard's parliamentary guard.

But it posed little more than inconvenience for Mr Macmillan himself, who is assured of automatic confirmation in office when Conservative MPs, Peers and Party officials meet in caucus at noon on Tuesday to elect him their leader.

TO STAGE MARCH

Parliament will carry on for the time being with the routine business before it when the long Christmas recess began on December 21—the momentous period of Britain's final withdrawal from Egypt and Sir Anthony Eden's sudden resignation.

British Communists already had picked the reopening of Parliament as the opportunity for a show of force against the Conservatives. With Mr Macmillan's promotion they promptly enlarged the strategy.

At open meetings today, Red leaders exhorted cardholders and fellow-travellers to march on mass on Parliament.—United Press.

Melted Chocolate Hampers Firemen

London, Jan. 20. Firemen waded knee-deep in a torrent of melted chocolate today to put out a fire which levelled part of a chocolate factory at Hainault in Middlesex. The fire, which was believed to have been set by burglars attempting to dynamite a safe, melted tons of chocolate which oozed through doorways and entangled fire-fighting equipment.—France-Press.

Sandys' Vital Mission To US

London, Jan. 20. The forthcoming visit to the United States of British Defence Minister, Mr Duncan Sandys, is clearly linked to sale in the defence budget, which the British government intends to carry out as soon as possible, it was learned here.

Mr Sandys is the first member of the new Cabinet to visit the United States. His role is considered particularly important at a time when the whole British defence system appears to be undergoing a complete reorganisation.

The reorganisation has two purposes: 1. To reduce budgetary expenses for defence by £350,000,000 to £400,000,000. 2. To make the defence system more efficient by modernising it, increasing atomic weapons at the expense of the "classical" arms. The Macmillan government has already launched an economic drive.

OTHER FACTIONS

Mr Sandys' mission to Washington also seems to be inspired by two other factors: The last military instructions of NATO, and the reorganisation of the Soviet army, which has enabled some 700,000 men in the Soviet Union to return to agriculture and industry.

It was considered likely that Sandys would ask the United States for a definite amount of military aid to allow the carrying out of the planned reforms. Some projections could be filed. This probably represents the main difficulty which Mr Sandys will meet in his talks in Washington.

Britain could get around it however. It also received authorisation to manufacture the material here. Such a gesture on the part of the United States would do much to improve Anglo-American relations, an improvement sought by both sides and now possible since the change of government in Britain.—France-Press.

RIOT OVER MONKEYS

Lucknow, Jan. 20. A crowd of 1,000 people attacked the house of a medical officer at Unnao, near here, who had ordered the killing of seven monkeys.

The crowd threw stones at the windows and demanded the bodies of the monkeys so as to take them out in procession for ritual cremation.

Armed police guards had to be posted round the officer's residence and the bodies were eventually taken by a police van to the banks of the sacred river Ganges, where Hindus performed the cremation rites.

Many Hindus consider that monkeys are sacred and they will not allow them to be killed, even though they do considerable damage to crops.—China Mail Special.

Volcano Active

Manila, Jan. 21. Canlaon volcano in Negros Occidental Province, Central Philippines, long dormant, belched billows of smoke yesterday and terrified the population at the foot of the volcano. They began to flee. However, volcanologists have declared that there is no real cause for alarm.—France-Press.



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TO-MORROW MORNING SHOW
AT 12.30 P.M.
"THE WILD ONE"To-morrow
"THE LADY KILLERS"SHOWING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

HELL'S HORIZON

— NEXT CHANGE —
"HELL'S HORIZON"

A Columbia Picture

America Confident Of King Saud OPPOSITION TO RUSSIA WILL MAKE ALLY

By EDWARD DEPUY
Washington, Jan. 20.

US officials expressed confidence today that King Saud opposes Soviet penetration of the Middle East and therefore will not declare himself against the Eisenhower doctrine when he comes here for a State visit on January 30.

These officials appeared to ascribe misunderstanding and propaganda motives to the interpretation that yesterday's Arab summit communiqué was a rejection of the Eisenhower Middle East policy formula.

They appeared to hope that the Arab—especially King Saud—might view the doctrine differently when it is more fully explained and understood.

Full Discussion

The King, they pointed out, will have ample opportunity for a full discussion of the doctrine with US Ambassador



KING SAUD

George Wadsworth during their nine-day ocean voyage together from Naples to New York.

Noting that King Saud is a declared anti-Communist, they

**Bombers Limited
By Crew's
Capabilities**

Washington, Jan. 20. Lieut-Colonel James Morris, commander of one of three giant American bombers which flew 24,000 miles non-stop around the world last week, said today that the planes could "have kept right on going" if necessary.

He was convinced that the range of the B-52s refueled in flight, was limited only by the physical capabilities of the men who flew them, he told a press conference.

Colonel Morris is here with seven of his crew to ride a float in tomorrow's presidential inaugural parade. It will show a huge globe with a model B-52 circling.

Colonel Morris said about six hours would have been saved if the new KC-135 jet tankers, now in production, could have been used for the refueling instead of the older KC-97s that were flown. Last week's flight took 45 hours 10 minutes.

Reuter.

said, he must be presumed to favour a measure to deter Soviet penetration of the Arab world.

In adopting the view that the Cairo communiqué did not place Egypt, Jordan, Syria and Saudi Arabia uncompromisingly at odds with the Eisenhower doctrine, US officials noted the Arab emphasis on rejection of the "vacuum" theory.

Secretary of State John Foster Dulles specifically told Congressional committees last week that the doctrine was not designed to plant the US in a dominant Middle East position to fill any so-called vacuum, the officials said.

They said the State Department agrees with the Arabs that they themselves—not some outside power—should fill any power vacuum that may have developed.

Lebanon Unrepresented

The officials said also that significant should be attached to the fact that Lebanon did not attend the summit meeting in Cairo whereas previously she was represented at such meetings. They noted that Lebanon is on record as approving of the Eisenhower doctrine and that its Foreign Minister, Charles Malik, is expected here shortly from the United Nations to discuss this and other Near East matters.

They also said the value of the meeting of the four Baghdad Pact countries—Turkey, Iraq, Iran and Pakistan—in Ankara at the same time as the summit meeting in Cairo should not be underestimated. These four countries occupy a large area of the Middle East, it was noted.

The officials reiterated their confidence that King Saud's personal explanation as to what happened at the Cairo meeting on his arrival here would show that Saud has not committed himself to any policy which could be considered a slap at the Eisenhower doctrine.

How Long?

But they said they wondered how long those three nations would be willing to continue that subsidy. They said it appeared that Britain was getting ready to stop the subsidy anyway and consequently was resigned already to pulling out of her military bases in Jordan.

British Defence Secretary Duncan Sandys would explain that policy on his arrival here on January 28, it was expected.

—United Press.

TALKS ON GAZA AND AQABA

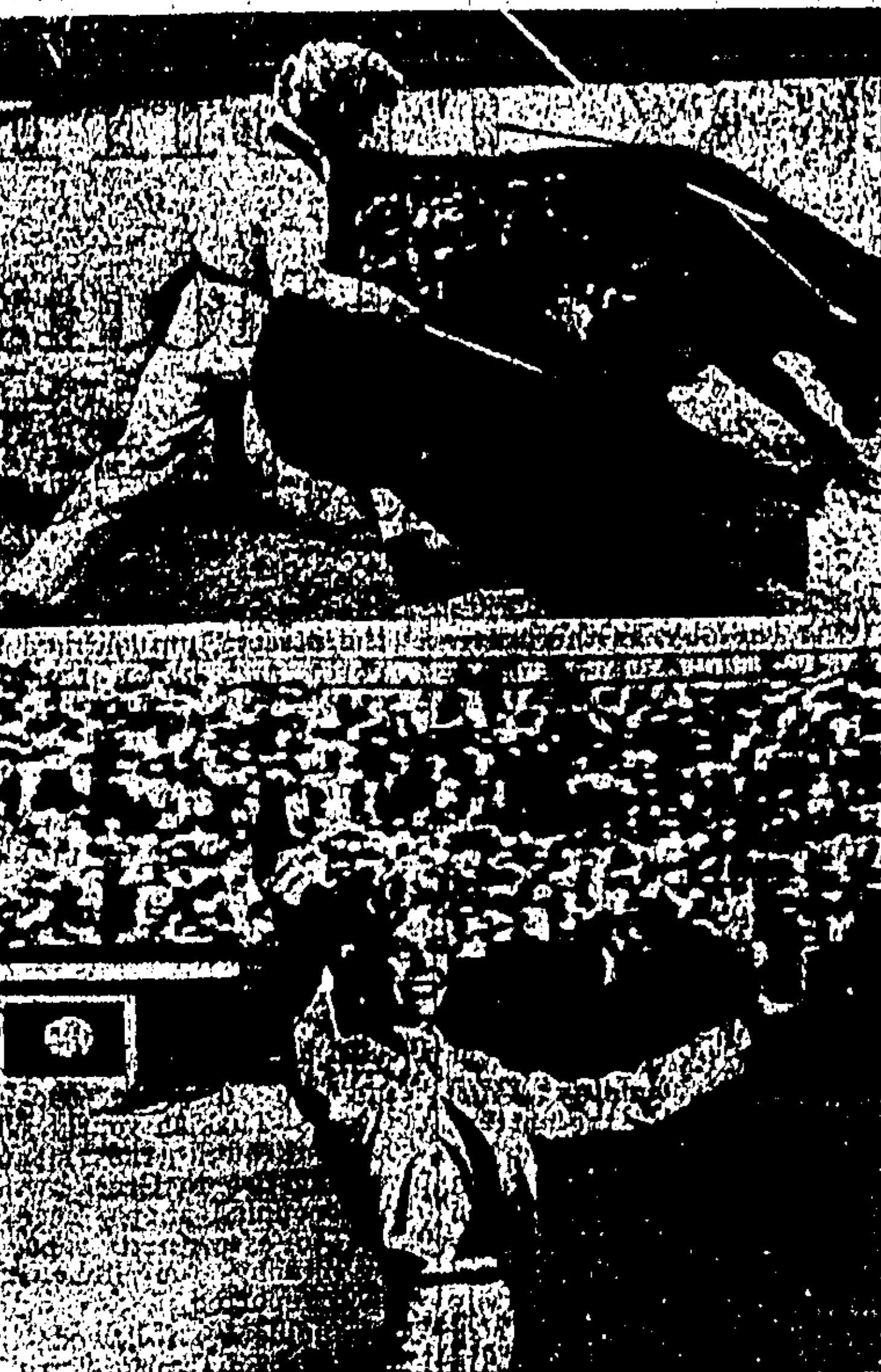
United Nations, Jan. 20. The Secretary-General Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, and the Israeli Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, discussed for two hours today the future of the Gaza strip and a strategic area along the Gulf of Aqaba.

Mr. Eban said after his conference in the Secretary-General's private office that the two had discussed issues "featured" in his last

speech to the General Assembly on Saturday. These were the Gaza and Aqaba areas. The General Assembly yesterday asked Mr. Hammarskjöld to report within five days on Israel's complete evacuation of Egyptian territory, including the two disputed areas.

Mr. Hammarskjöld saw the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Dr. Mahmoud Fawzi, for 90 minutes at mid-

BEAUTY TRIUMPHS OVER BEAST



Most popular figure in the arena at Manilla's Harrison Park is pretty Betty Ford, former New York fashion model and stage actress turned professional bullfighter. Betty is the first female matador to appear in the Far East—where she arrived with 114 kills to her credit. Before falling in love with bullfighting Betty was a well-known fashion model (24-34-32) and actress. Picture top shows her at the climax of one fight, about to sink her sword into the bull; picture bottom shows her parading round the arena with souvenirs of her latest victims.—Express Photo.

SLIGHT RELIEF FROM COLD IN EASTERN US

Chicago, Jan. 20. Relief from the worst cold wave to strike the United States in years had its disadvantages today as moderating temperatures turned snow and ice to slush over the eastern half of the country.

Meanwhile, two to four inches of snow blanketed the Pacific northwest as a stormy weather pattern developed from Northern California to Washington and moved eastward into the Dakotas.

New Cold Blasts

Another surge of cold Arctic air plunged southward into the North Central States, but weathermen said the air mass would not duplicate the extreme cold suffered in the past weeks.

The new cold blasts were contained in an area from Southern Nebraska to Central Lake Superior. But the frigid air was not expected to lower temperatures below zero while moving eastward into lower Michigan tonight and tomorrow.

Forecasters said minimum temperatures in the extreme north of the colder area would be from zero to 10 degrees

above zero while ranging from 20 degrees to near freezing in the lower Lakes region.

Temperatures warmed greatly as mild, moist air from the Gulf of Mexico delivered a knockout punch to the sub-zero cold which gripped the country. Great rises in temperatures were reported in a broad band from Eastern Texas to the Great Lakes region. Snow and ice—aided by warm rain—began to melt, turning streets and roads into quagmires of slush.

Motorists Warned

Safety experts advised motorists to drive carefully on the muddy streets, particularly at night when the mercury could sink low enough to freeze a thin layer of ice on wet highways. A scattering of sub-zero temperatures still persisted early today in the northeast, where the mercury dropped to 10 below at Concord, New Hampshire.—United Press.

E. GERMAN 'DEFENSIVE STRENGTH'

Berlin, Jan. 20. East German army units, armed civilian "combat groups" and factory delegations paraded for over three hours in East Berlin today past. East German leaders assembled on a reviewing stand.

The "combat demonstration" took place in front of the East German monument erected in honour of socialism, the East German radio said. The occasion for the demonstration was the 38th anniversary of the assassination of the German Socialist Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. The Neues Deutschland, newspaper of the East German Socialist Unity (Communist) Party, said today the demonstration was aimed at "emphasizing the defensive strength of the German People's Democracy and uniting the working class of West Germany with the East German workers and soldiers in the fight against Western militarism and Fascism."—United Press.

CHINESE PREMIER ON VISIT TO AFGHANISTAN

Karachi, Jan. 20.

Mr. Chou En-lai, Chinese Prime Minister, who is on a state visit to Afghanistan, today discussed "matters of mutual interest" with the Afghan Prime Minister, Sadar Mohammed Daud, Kabul radio, monitored here, said tonight.

The radio said that those attending the talks included the Chinese Vice-Premier, Marshal Ho Tsing, Afghan First Deputy Premier, Sadar Mohammad Naim, the Afghan Foreign Minister and the Chinese Ambassador in Kabul.

Neutrality

The radio said Mr. Chou and his party attended a reception last night given by the Afghan Prime Minister.

According to a translation of the broadcast in Pushtu, Sadar Mohammed Daud said in welcome that the "policy of the Afghan Government is based on neutrality which is in consonance with mutual coexistence of world nations and in accordance with the United Nations Charter."

"Those who point at neutrality and criticize it are in fact selfish

elements who want to curb world peace for their own selfish motives."

"Had it not been so the present disturbance in Asia and Africa would not have been created."

"We pay due respect to the principles of the Bandung conference," he said.

Admire Spirit

In reply, Mr. Chou was quoted as having said that "in past centuries, and previous to that, both Afghanistan and China were crushed by colonialists... I greatly admire the spirit of bravery in which Afghans fought for their independence against the imperialists. The nation and government of the People's Republic of China strongly support the five principles of coexistence..." Mr. Chou said, according to the radio.—Reuter.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m. 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

SHOWING TO-DAY

The French Gangster Film That Tops Them All!

RIFIFI

(spells trouble)

JEAN MARAIS — MARCEL BOSSIS

ROXY & BROADWAY

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STORIES! WITH AN ALL
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GREGORY PECK
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BIGGEST COMEDY HIT!

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in Glorious Color

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"HEIDI and PETER"
in Glorious Color

POP

MEET THE MERRY GENTLEMEN

WHY DON'T YOU GO HOME TO YOUR WIFE?

I HAVEN'T GOT A WIFE!

Alc fellow

THEN WHAT'S THE POINT OF STAYING OUT LATE

PRECIOUS DROPS FOR PRECIOUS MOMENTS.

CHERRY CHEERING

ATOM-POWERED OIL TANKERS WOULD AVOID SUEZ

British Scientists Working On Nuclear Reactors

Paris, Jan. 20.

British atomic scientists are working on nuclear reactors capable of propelling a large high-speed oil tanker designed for the Cape route.

This was announced here tonight by Sir John Cockcroft Director of the British Atomic Energy research establishment at Harwell.



SIR JOHN COCKCROFT

Hungarian Issue Should Be Pursued

Washington, Jan. 20.

Senator James Eastland (Democrat—Mississippi) asked in a letter today to Mr Henry Cabot Lodge, United States delegate to the United Nations, for information on "exactly what steps are being taken by the US to insure that the United Nations will pursue the Hungarian issue."

Senator Eastland sent Mr Lodge a copy of testimony given last week by seven Hungarian refugees to the Senate Internal Security Sub-committee which he heads.

In the letter Mr Eastland said "some of the details are so harrowing and brutal that we could not even put them into the official record."

SAVAGE ACTS

Senator Eastland described the testimony as "evidence of the savage acts of aggression on the part of Soviet officials against the Hungarian people."

He said it reflected "acts and deeds of aggression which are, as to this moment, unpunished and only ineffectually deplored by the United Nations."

Confidence in the United Nations, he added, had been weakened by the great disparity between the reaction of the United Nations in connection with the aggression in the Middle East and its reaction to the Soviet aggression against Hungary.—Reuter.

Sir John was addressing a group of European industrialists at the inaugural dinner here of an atomic energy course for management.

The advantages of such oil tankers—as big as the Queen Mary and capable of speeds of 25 to 30 knots—were obvious at the present moment, Sir John said.

Long Way Off

But, he warned, they were still far from discovering whether atomic propulsion of tankers was a paying proposition.

Propulsion costs of the United States atomic-powered submarine Nautilus—which has already steamed more than 50,000 miles—were about six times present costs for commercial shipping, Sir John said.

The United States, he added, was now building an atomic powered 12,000-ton combined passenger and cargo ship which would cost 42 million dollars (about 15 million sterling).

This ship, he said, was not intended to be economical.

Sir John announced that in Britain the commercial propulsion of ships was under active study by a combined team of the British Shipbuilding Research Association and the Atomic Energy Authority.

Feasible

Britain, he said, was studying the possibility of a liquid moderated reactor for ship propulsion which, if technically feasible, would have the advantage of lower fuel costs than the pressurised water reactor of the Nautilus type.

Turning to electricity production, Sir John predicted for beyond 1955 a chain of giant atomic power stations stretching across Western Europe and feeding the bulk of the continent's electricity needs into a super high voltage grid.

By that date Sir John said power in industrialised countries would probably be generated in very large blocks of 1,000 to 2,000 megawatts, forming the nucleus of a power grid covering Western Europe.

In the last eight months, Britain's experience in operating Calder Hall—the world's first large-scale nuclear power station—had been very favourable, Sir John said.

Real Test

But he added the real test would come with the next generation of nuclear power stations of which three were to be completed in Britain in 1960.

The power output of these stations, compared to Calder Hall, had been raised about four times, Sir John said, and the net station output would range from 275 to 320 megawatts, as against Calder Hall's 70 megawatts. But the important point for Britain was that increasing demands for energy were far outstripping coal supplies.

To fill this gap, Sir John predicted that by 1975 nuclear power in Britain would be doing the work of 60 to 70 million tons of coal a year.

The Ministry of Fuel and Power was now considering a revision of Britain's atomic power programme and a statement was expected shortly.

Sir John believed that Britain's present route to atomic power—the gas cooled graphite moderated reactor—had great development capabilities. The main hopes were directed particularly to the reduction of capital costs.

Capital Costs

Capital costs of the first United States commercial station were predicted to be about 25 per cent lower than those of the first British station.

But the US type reactor had high fuel costs, and in comparing the overall economics of the US and British reactors, "we must remember the great effect of differences in capital charges and labour costs in the two countries."—China Mail Special.



Two members of the new British Cabinet are pictured shortly after the news of their appointment had been revealed. On left is Peter Thorneycroft, who replaces Prime Minister Macmillan as Chancellor of the Exchequer. Mr. Thorneycroft is pictured with his wife and their five-year-old daughter in his London home. Picture right shows 67-year-old Sir Percy Mills, prominent industrialist called upon by Mr. Macmillan to head the newly-created post of Minister of Power.—Express Photo.

Two West German Parties' Surprise Merger Move

Bonn, Jan. 20.

The two partners of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's Christian Democrats in the West German Government coalition, the German Party and the Free Peoples Party, decided today to merge, it was announced here.

Bulgarian Reds Merging Ministries

Sofia, Jan. 20.

The Bulgarian Communist Party's Central Committee has decided to combine several ministries in order to improve the efficiency and economy of the State administration, the party newspaper Rabotnichesko Delo reported today.

Under the decision, there are to be five fewer ministries and one less vice-premier, and certain autonomous departments will be attached to existing ministries.

The reorganisation is expected to save 10 per cent of the administrative costs during the next three years.

MASS ORGANISATION
The Central Committee also decided to strengthen the political character of the "National Front", a mass organisation of the Bulgarian people, whose political role, said the Committee, had been overlooked in recent years.

The Central Committee likewise recommended the creation of Bulgarian-Soviet friendship committees, whose activities will be closely co-ordinated with those of the National Front.—France-Press.

Arab Boycott Resented By Israel

Jerusalem, Jan. 20.

A group of Israeli economic organisations, including chambers of commerce, today issued a communique, protesting against the Arab economic boycott against Israel.

The communique said the boycott, decided upon in Beirut on January 19, was contrary to the spirit of the United Nations Charter and constituted a danger to Middle East economic development.

The communique said: "International inaction in regard to this boycott will obligate Israeli economic circles to take counter-measures in self-defence, and such measures might have the most serious political consequences."—France-Press.

BONN GOVERNMENT STARTS CALL-UP

Bonn, Jan. 21.

WEST Germany's first "call-up boys" start going before examination boards all over the country today ready for intake into the forces from April 1.

There are about 100,000 men in the age group eligible for service—those born in the third quarter of 1937—but only about 10,000 are expected to be called up this year to begin their 12 months service in the new armed forces.

The youths will report to 650 offices all over the country during the next five or six weeks and will first be examined by civilian doctors.

Then a reviewing board of three civilians (one a Defence Ministry official and the other two appointed by local municipal authorities) will ask candidates for their preferences and abilities. The Defence Ministry has announced that only 533 youths (0.8 per cent) in the new in-

The announcement, which came as a surprise to nearly everyone in Bonn, was made after an eight-hour meeting of leading representatives of the two parties.

The agreement reached between the representatives must still be confirmed by the two party organisations, but this was believed to be a formality. The new party is to be named "German Party" (Deutsche Partei).

Joint Campaign

The two parties said they would conduct the campaign for the autumn Federal elections jointly and try to realise their political aims after the elections as a single party.

Each of the two parties is represented by two Ministers in Dr Adenauer's 16-member Cabinet, with Herr Franz Blumberg, of the Free Peoples Party, holding the vice-Chancellorship.

The Free Peoples Party split away from the Free Democratic Party nearly a year ago when the latter left the coalition and joined the Social Democrats in the Opposition.

It was believed here the merger was an attempt to beat the five per cent clause in the West German electoral law which bars any party from sharing in the distribution of seats by proportional vote which gets less than five per cent of the total of votes cast or at least one seat in direct elections.

Testing Validity

The validity of a similar clause in the electoral law of a Federal state is at present being tested in the Federal Constitutional Court.

The Free Peoples Party fared very badly in recent local elections, especially in North Rhine-Westphalia, West Germany's largest state. On the average they polled far less than five per cent and in most areas even below two per cent.—Reuter.

Paris, Jan. 20.

Indonesian Premier, Ali Sastroamidjojo, will make a proclamation tomorrow on the situation in Sumatra, Radio Djakarta reported today. Sastroamidjojo will be speaking at the opening of the new session of Parliament, which has been in recess since December 20.—France-Press.

It is believed that members opposing the intervention had wanted to bring about his downfall and re-organise the party on more "national" lines.

RESOLUTION ACCEPTED

The 800 delegates representing the 10,000 members accepted a resolution stating that "the international forces of reaction wished to establish a reactionary dictatorship in Hungary."

A general election is to be held in Denmark in the spring. At the last in 1953, the Communists secured 93,284 votes, which gave them eight of the 179 seats in Parliament.—Reuter.

Two Cabinet Members

JAPAN CONFIDENT OF CONCLUDING PEACE TREATIES

Tokyo, Jan. 21.

Japan today is confidently awaiting answers to proposed peace treaties for restoring ties with two East European satellite nations, informed government sources said today.

The sources said that treaty drafts have been presented to both Poland and Czechoslovakia, and that although no reply has been received as yet from either government, no trouble is expected in reaching agreement with the two nations.

The sources did not say where the drafts were presented, but talks between Japanese government officials and officials of the two East European nations already have been started at UN headquarters in New York and in London.

In Progress

On January 8 the Japanese Government instructed Toshiro Kase, Japanese Ambassador to the United Nations, and Haruhiko Nishii, Japanese Ambassador in London, to start peace talks with officials of the two nations. The talks are reported to have been in progress since then.

The sources here in Tokyo said that the proposals, the same for both countries, call for:

★ 1. Termination of the state of war between Japan and each of the two nations as soon as the treaties with both go into effect.

★ 2. Restoration of diplomatic ties and a quick exchange of representatives.

★ 3. A pledge that Japan and each of the two nations will abide by the principles of the UN Charter.

No Interference

★ 4. A promise not to interfere in the internal affairs of the other power for any reason, "economic, political or ideological."

★ 5. The opening of negotiations as soon as a peace treaty is signed for placing trade, navigation and commercial relations between Japan and the two nations on a "friendly and stabilised" basis.

The moves for peace treaties with both Poland and Czechoslovakia follow on the heels of a resumption of diplomatic relations between Japan and the Soviet Union last December.

The restoration of the official government ties between Japan and the Russians came only after three postponed and long delayed negotiations.

The sources pointed out that Japan does not have any problems to hold up talks with Poland and Czechoslovakia as it did with the Soviet Union.

No Detainees

In the first place, there are no territorial questions pending between Japan and the satellite nations.

Secondly, the two East European nations claim no Japanese nationals as did the Russians.

Thirdly, the two European nations are not near neighbours to Japan in the geographical sense and no problems arise on matters such as fishing rights and territorial waters.—United Press.

60 Algerian Rebels Killed

Algiers, Jan. 20.

At least 60 Algerian rebels were killed in clashes with French security forces in various parts of Algeria today, while terrorists killed a French soldier and wounded seven civilians in Algiers.

In the Oran Department, 13 rebels were killed near Tlemcen, during an army operation, and another skirmish was reported taking place further south with heavy losses on the rebel side.

In the Constantine area, 12 rebels were killed during one clash, and four others were killed in another engagement. A total of 21 others were killed in scattered skirmishes in other parts of the area.

In Algiers, two terrorists shot down a French corporal, who was crossing the street with his mother. The attackers fled from the scene and the police are searching for them.

Two grenades were thrown into a Moslem cafe in Algiers this morning, wounding seven customers.—France-Press.

Barcelona Continues Boycott

Barcelona, Jan. 20.

A large majority of Barcelona's inhabitants observed the boycott on public spectacles, sporting events and entertainment called for today in protest against present economic conditions.

Last week the population boycotted trams and buses.

Today, the Las Cortes football stadium was about three-quarters empty, although the Barcelona and Jaca teams were playing for the League championship—representing an unprecedented sacrifice for Barcelona's residents, who usually follow the games closely.

Cinemas were almost deserted, and police and plain-clothed detectives were stationed in the central cinemas.

The population of Barcelona, numbering more than a million and a half, remained calm but apparently determined to maintain the boycott.

Rumours current here today said that reinforcements of civil guards have arrived in Barcelona.—France-Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Kind of art (6).
 - Blockhead (5).
 - Refuge (5).
 - Counsellor (6).
 - Last (5).
 - Characteristic (5).
 - Profile (4).
 - Stop (5).
 - Negligent (6).
 - Believe (6).
 - Mixture of rain and snow (5).
 - Record of an all-rounder (4).
 - Varnish resin (5).
 - External (5).
 - Sirring instrument (6).
 - Hardy (5).
 - Board game (5).
 - Silps along (6).
- DOWN**
- Condense (8).
 - Innkeeper (6).
 - Attempt (4).
 - Wed (7).
 - Amount short (7).
 - Joins (6).
 - "5 Acres" may be bottom of it (5).
 - Helped (8).
 - Gourmets (6).
 - Sharp answer (7).
 - Optical illusions (7).
 - Nook (6).
 - Lake (5).
 - Soothe (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3 Gals, 7 Sleep, 8 Hare, 9 Hilo, 10 Treated, 12 Arms, 15 Tiles, 18 Hare, 19 Adorn, 21 Arose, 22 Slim, 23 Deter, 26 Oils, 28 Reserve, 30 Carp, 31 Coma, 32 Strip, 33 Rudo, Down: 1 Start, 2 Errata, 4 Abide, 6 Aron, 8 Arum, 9 Hold, 11 Thred, 13 Boon, 14 Sank, 16 Sales, 17 Halo, 18 Howl, 20 Directs, 22 Step, 24 Exord, 25 Ayok, 27 Iron, 28 Scar.

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at BARGAIN PRICES

For limited period only. Special reduction of 20% off marked prices. DO NOT MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

Lane Crawford's



PATACHOU.—The average sinner.

Beautiful? No Captivating? Yes

—Logan Gourlay—
meets the French Mae West

would be stationed at the door of the church to turn away all the men who had claimed to have been her lovers.

P: It is an amusing idea. For Dietrich. Not for me. My life has been less exciting.

G: Will you have many sins to account for?

P: (With what's known as a Gaille shrug.) Not many. Just the average number, I think.

The waiter who overheard this as he served her entree looked disappointed. Despite his accent he was probably English.

All Englishmen are, of course, convinced that someone like Patanchou must be something of a gay sinner.

"It would not be becoming for me to wear the tight gowns with the plunge necklines. Anyway, what is not seen is more intriguing than what is seen, is it not?"

Not even a lover blinded by desire could call Madame Patanchou beautiful. The name comes from Pate a chou, which is French for a cream puff pastry, and she has a face like one—created, of course, by an expert pâtissier. It's delectable but not too symmetrical.

Her figure is, though, and she can convey more sex-appeal than a fever-fall of over-inflated green towels.

TIE-SNIPPER

★ It is only six years since she first started singing to amuse the customers in the little Montmartre restaurant and night club which she owned. She also shipped off the ties of gentlemen who refused to join in the singing—a gimmick which attracted masculine celebrities and made her famous.

It's been discarded as "impractical" since she became established as a desirable French import in England and in America where she makes \$5,000 a week in cabaret.

She offered me an after-lunch cigarette, proudly pointing out that it carried her name in gold letters ("made for me in London by the people who make Tommy Trinder's. They're good cigarettes too.")

I thought I'd better ask her the stock question: "What did she think of Englishmen?"

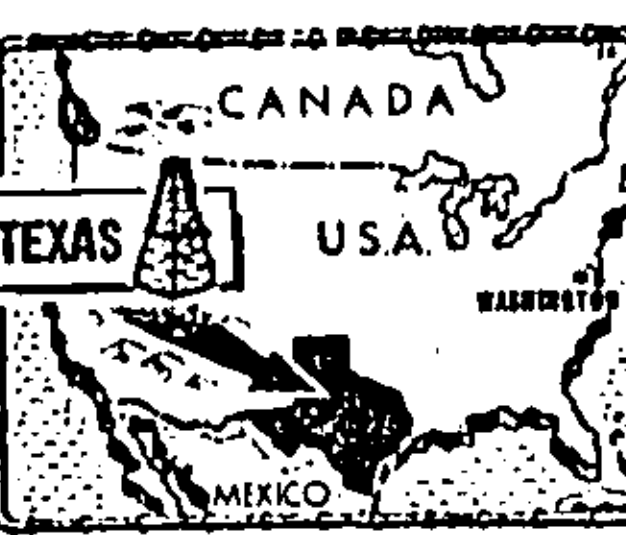
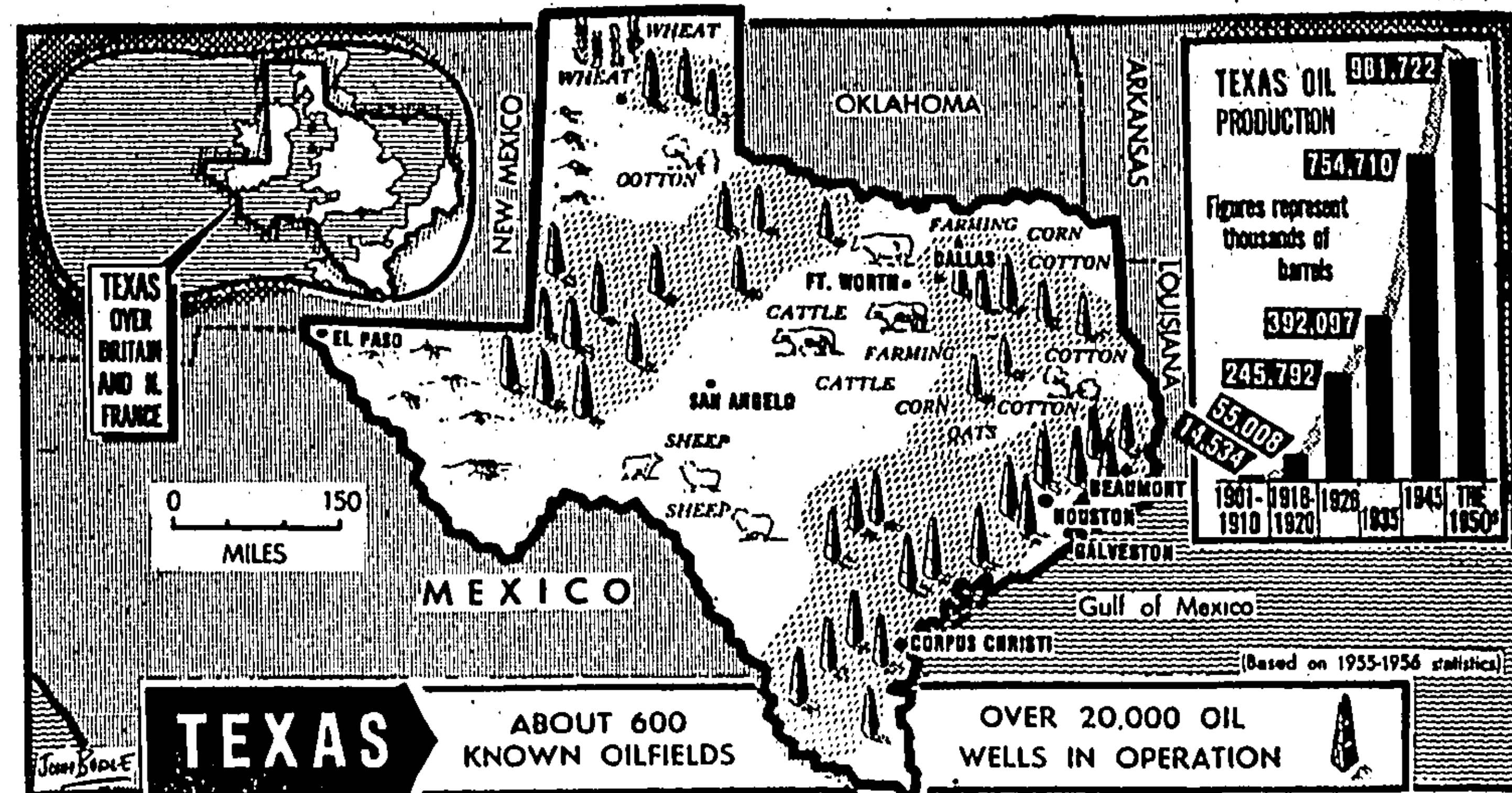
"I have nothing against Englishmen. Or Frenchmen. Or Americans. I think men are the same the world over. I just like a man to be intelligent. And virile. To be like a man. That is all."

"What about femininity?"

"All I can say is that a woman should be natural. Be herself. She should never try to be something she is not. It is a dangerous risk." (She herself claims to be 36, but I suppose that is a risk that a woman of her charm and personality can take.)

But about one-third of these rocker arms are stopped—just like those of the cars in Britain—because the small well-owners

THE CITY OF 500 MILLIONAIRES WHERE NASSER IS CALLED 'OUR FRIEND'



TEXAS is striking it rich

From
CHRISTOPHER DOBSON

Houston, Texas. THEY are drilling for oil today in the garbage dump of Houston, biggest city in Texas and home of dollar-millionaires—500 of them.

Right alongside the incinerator among the city's muck two derricks are drilling. Near them, another well has been completed and is ready for connection to the pipeline.

BACKYARD

Everywhere in this city of some half-million souls there are oil wells—on a golf course, beside the Touraine motel, in the backyard of the Bar BQ restaurant.

As I drove towards Tyler, 180 miles north of Houston, I found derricks lining the roads like avenues of mechanical poplars. The whole countryside is dotted with old and new derricks and new pumping machines that look like overgrown rocker arms from car engines.

But about one-third of these rocker arms are stopped—just like those of the cars in Britain—because the small well-owners

TEXAS to the rest of the U.S. means the biggest State—a wide wonderland of wealth where everything is giant. Especially the oil industry. TEXAS to Britain means the place where oil men already wealthy are trying to squeeze still higher the dollar price we have to pay for their product. TEXAS to oil producer Howard Price Nichols, of Mocking Bird Lane, in the town of Tyler, must take advantage of Nasser's blocking Suez to sell a big part of its surface stock 123 million barrels to oil-hungry Europe. SAYS Nichols: "Our friend Nasser sank 21 ships in the Suez Canal. I wish to God it had been 121."

Are you an oil millionaire? "Well, a man that has been 'cain' regular, he don't talk about his money. It's only those that ain't been 'cain' regular that has to talk about cash."

Then you don't really need to force up the price of oil? "Now look, son, the price of everything else goes up; so why not oil? We can supply all Europe needs. All we want is a reasonable price."

"I've been rich half a dozen times and poor half a dozen times. I'm rich now, though, and at the age of 78 I'm just a youngy squirt yet."

"Our friend Nasser sank 21 ships in the Suez Canal. I wish to God it had been 121."

Down here in Texas they boast that the mosquitoes grow big enough to pull men off their horses. The small-well owners are the all-powerful mosquitoes of the oil business right now.

I talked to Howard Price Nichols, of Tyler. He is typical of the Texas small-well producers, the men out for the last cent.

They lease a likely plot of land—hot, dry, and full of prickly pear cactus—and then drill for oil. They might have one, two, or three wells, and they restrict production to 10 days a month.

Why do you do this? I asked Nichols. He replied: "Vaal, we have 275 million barrels in storage. It would be sensible to reduce that lot before increasing output."

Figures issued by the American Petroleum Institute show that U.S. imports have not

suffered in the least from the Suez crisis. Never do fewer than 1,000,000 barrels arrive every day.

This blackmail paid off last week. The small well-owners were offered an increase of 35 cents (2s. 6d.) a barrel by buyers for the Humble Oil Company, a subsidiary of giant Standard Oil of New Jersey. That puts the price up to £1 3s. 2½d. a barrel.

This increase will have to be paid for by Britain and other European countries dependent on U.S. oil since Nasser blocked the Canal.

But here is the unkindest rub of all—the big American oil companies are sending expensive Texas oil to Europe and importing every day for American use more than 1,000,000 barrels of cheap oil from the Middle East and Venezuela.

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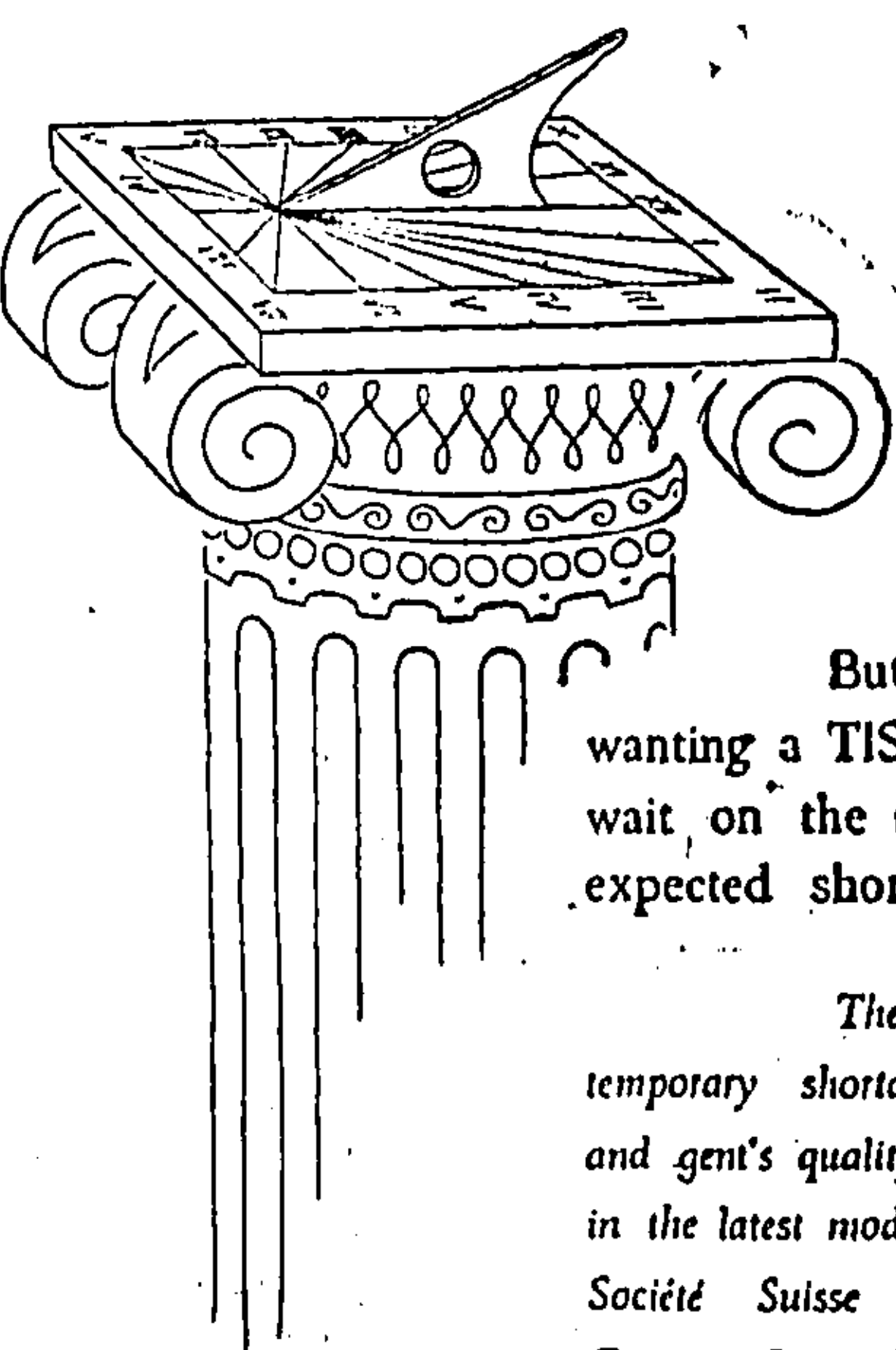
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TIME WAITS FOR NO MAN



But if you are one of the many wanting a TISSOT timepiece, it will pay to wait on the arrival of the 1957 collection—expected shortly.

The manufacturers of Tisot regret the temporary shortage and promise that their ladies and gent's quality timekeepers will shortly be available in the latest models, and all in the famed tradition of Société Suisse Pour l'Industrie Horlogère S.A. Geneva, Switzerland.



TREASURED WATCHES FOR 100 YEARS

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310 Gloucester Building

For ME... the thrills of business every time!

EXCLUSIVELY from people under 40.... a New Year invitation to answer the question: I KNOW WHERE I'M GOING.... Today's testament.... from a man who is the grandson of the founder of Cadburys.... who was for four years a test pilot.... and today, at 38, is the head of Keith Prowse Ltd....

LIKE most people, I know where I've been. As a test pilot I knew where I would probably end.

As a child I enjoyed the friendship of Norman Birckett, now Lord Justice Birckett, and it was my admiration for him that led me to choose the Bar as a career.

I believed with the enthusiasm of youth that I could tread the same golden path to the summit of that distinguished profession.

The Woolpack and other honours seemed well within my reach and my only doubt was whether I could improve on his record of "taking silk" within nine years of being a Junior.

But, alas, more imitation of great men is not enough to achieve a similar greatness, although it is some consolation

that I had taken as my model the supreme man in that field of his generation.

Politics

AND then in 1945 I stepped out along the path to political fame and fortune, confident that my taking up residence at No. 10, Downing Street, would not long be delayed.

Coming from a family with such Liberal traditions and believing utterly in the advantages I was offering to the electorate, I was astonished to find the majority preferred the views of my political opponents.

Then the Liberal platform tilted to the Left and I jumped off; but not without gaining invaluable experience that influenced my future course.

For, suddenly, two years ago, I found myself, without malice aforethought, on the commercial road in charge of a company that had been well known for

150 years, but which at that time needed a certain amount of reorganisation.

This rebuilding of confidence, both inside and out, has been my absorbing interest since then, and will be for as long as it remains in my power to make it so.

I know where I am.

Ambitions

AT the moment everything seems to be going well, but no one knows what lies round the next corner. The unpredictable course of international affairs has been amply demonstrated in the last few months.

To answer truthfully this question about where I am going I must know where I shall be allowed to go.

How many Hungarian parents know in 1936 that their children would be refugees in 1937?

I admit I am ambitious, but I deplore those disillusioned malcontents who want to pull everyone down to their level rather than strive to raise themselves from the pit.

My grandfather founded and built a business that was a legend before he died, and among his many other achievements built a village that is now a model to the world.

Those who achieve success in any sphere must know where they are going and intend to get there.

I am on a road with more excitement than any I have travelled before.

As a test pilot there are limitations, both physical and in the performance of the aircraft; at the Bar my career would have depended entirely on the good will and support of solicitors.

In business there are endless opportunities to be taken by those with the necessary initiative and ability.

My association with colleagues in the Commonwealth has opened up vistas—no doubt with occasional mirages—that are boundless. And I am encouraged by the belief that our culture as a World Power depends on building mutual confidence

between ourselves and our kin in Australia, New Zealand, Canada, and the United States. Every day presents a new problem, and a new opportunity that I can only fail to take through my own shortcomings.

Like many travellers through life, I have explored many paths, but I am, unusually, fortunate in having recognised the blind alleys before I am 40 and not too old a dog to learn new tricks.

Objectives

WE were brought up as children to believe in recognising right from wrong, and I shall make sure that my children have the same advantage. They will be brought up to recognise the wrong path and most important, to admit their mistakes, at least to themselves. I know, and have admitted the mistakes I have made, but I am on a path now where the going will not always be easy but at least it has an end that one day I shall attain.

Shakespeare tells us that "We know what we are but know not what we may be." I know where I am going, because I know now where I want to go. I know where I am going STRAIGHT ON.

This Funny World



"Always makes me feel like a heel!"

BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

A FOSSILISED lobster 50,000,000 year old (sic) has been pronounced "extinct" by experts.

"Not a sign of life," vouchsafed an usatologist, as, with professional dexterity, he held a little mirror to the mouth of the seemingly inanimate crustacean.

Nobody saw the dromedary

It is not every day that a seal flops along a busy street in a Japanese town. This refugee from a zoo was seen by a Japanese policeman who, instead of rushing off to a psychiatrist, reported the incident. He was accused of being drunk on duty. But an inspector was forced to admit that the seal was really there, and that it was chasing eels along the pavement. The policeman saw no eels, and accused the inspector of being drunk on duty. A superior officer was summoned. He caught the seal by throwing handfuls of carp to it, but said that the policeman had escaped. The policeman and the inspector saw no pelican. The Chief of Police arrived, and was about to harpoon a whale he claimed to have seen, when night fell. So they all went home.

Violence on the golf-course

He needed five shots to get clear of the bunker.

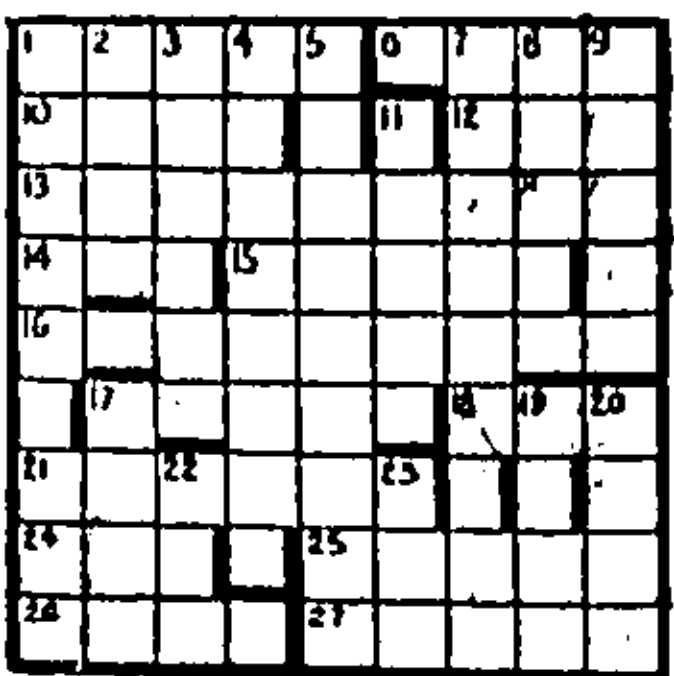
(Account of golf match.)

HAVING shot his way out of the club-house, he probably found a gang of cacklers lurking round the first tee.

Restaurant idyll

He saw, but with a flustered mind. The attendant make a courteous sign, inviting him to leave behind.

CROSSWORD



- Across
- Thames or Tees or Tay or Tamar. (5)
 - He may describe a love. (4)
 - Lady of the weather. (4)
 - Mood without a penny. (3)
 - Staid boxer rearranged. (9, 3)
 - Animal almost straight from the gun. (5)
 - Little solid. (3)
 - See Maxine. (anagram) (9)
 - It grows with the help of 18. (4)
 - Poetic sun. (5)
 - Made happy. (3)
 - Old-time No. (3)
 - Take them in a village at your peril. (5)
 - Let's a beginner. (4)
 - Sent with quiet order inside. (5)
- Down
- No bell, this shelter. (5, 4)
 - The town in an Amie understanding. (4)
 - These aids are educational. (3)
 - I'm between sea and mixtures. (5)
 - Uses dimes and no doubt complains of the curious noise. (9)
 - The walking section of the Lake District. (7)
 - May describe a box for a horse. (4)
 - Does get across inside. (5)
 - There's one in every seaside resort. (4)
 - Start the ball rolling. (5)
 - Cooking-places. (4)
 - Little boy? (3)
 - It's well known to him. (4)
 - Down of honest men and honest houses. (5)
 - It may be a short one. (4)
 - Surroundings. (5)

NORTH (D) 24	
▲A65	
▼A43	
▲43	
▲QJ109	

EAST	
▲1004	
▲108	
▲987	
▲A7532	

SOUTH	
▲KJ332	
▲K762	
▲AKJ2	
▲None	

Neither side vul.	
North	East
1▲ Pass	1▲ Pass
2▲ Pass	2▲ Pass
3▲ Pass	3▲ Pass
4▲ Pass	4▲ Pass

Opening lead—▲7

succeed unless West has both the ace and king of clubs.

Declarer draws three rounds of trumps, ending in the dummy, and leads the queen of clubs. East plays low, and South discards a losing heart.

West can take his king of clubs and can return a heart, but he cannot defeat the contract. Dummy wins with the ace of hearts and leads the jack of clubs. If East covers with the ace, South ruffs and gets in dummy by trumping the third round of diamonds in order to get two more discards on the ten and the nine of clubs. If East fails to put up the ace of clubs, South simply discards another loser.

CARD Sense

Q—The bidding has been: South West North East 1 Diamond Pass 2 Hearts Pass

You, South, hold: ♠A743 ♥K64 ♦AKJ94 ♣43

A—Bid three hearts. You are not strong enough to show the spades and later raise hearts.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: ♠A743 ♥K64 ♦AKJ94 ♣43

What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

YOUR BIRTHDAY ... BY STELLA

MONDAY, JANUARY 21

BORN on this first day of the incoming sign, Aquarius, you are, by nature, a scientific truth-seeker who is quite capable of leading others along new pathways which you open. It is likely that wealth will not come to you by. You have a great deal to contribute to the world. Whether it be for good or evil depends upon the direction of your ideals.

Quiet and reserved, the force of your character may not at first be suspected and the impact when it comes, is all the more surprising to the world at large. Yet you could live your entire life in comparative obscurity—your fame only coming to you posthumously. You are exceptionally adaptable by nature and can adjust yourself to changing environments and events with the greatest of ease. In fact, you sometimes adjust when it might be much better for you to buck the tide and get on from under depressing conditions. You actually are not as frank and sincere as you appear on the surface.

You have a knack for plotting and planning things so that they will go your own way, even while appearing to co-operate with others in an entirely different direction. You do this for outward harmony, but sometimes it can cause an explosion.

Since you have a deep love of home and family, you will be happiest if you wed while still quite young. You will want a large family, too.

Among those born on this date were John Charles Fremont, "Pathfinder" of the West; General Thomas J. "Stonewall" Jackson of the Confederacy; King Oscar II of Sweden; Arnold Keim, actor; Francis Hackett and Helen H. Gardner, authors; Charles Nease, educator; and Misha Elman, violinist.

To find what the stars have in store for you tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 22

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—If you have estate matters coming up for settlement, today is a good time to make arrangements.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—Might be wise for you to postpone a journey until a little later. You may find congested road conditions.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Keep to your regular family routine today rather than trying to change things. Not your day for innovations.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—If a problem is puzzling you, then investigate all angles and get at the real truth of it now.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—An unexpected legacy may be yours. Be wise in the disposition that you make of it. Plan carefully.

CANCER (June 22-July 21)—Confidential matters should be taken care of now. You will find the way open to settle personal affairs.

LEO (July 22-Aug. 23)—A good day for attending to dental work in case it needs to be done. Postponing an appointment only makes it worse.

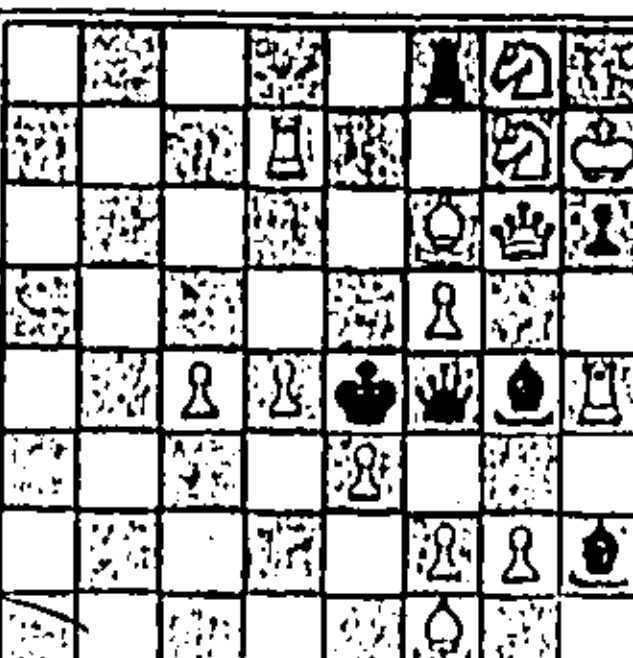
VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Important matters may come up in connection with domestic affairs. Make all decisions wisely and with caution.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—The stars say it is a good day for all who may be working with metals or in related occupations.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Chemistry and the related vocations

CHESS

by LEONARD BARDEN



A problem by J. Buchwald (British Chess Problem Society, 1940). White mates in two.

Solution to Saturday's problem: 1. R-K6; 2. QxR (2 PxR, Q-K6ch), B-R5; and 4f 3 QxR, Q-K6ch.

Household Hints

Rubber tile makes the perfect flooring for a nursery, as it can be kept immaculate with just the whisk of a mop, is resilient and muffles noise.

When doing housework, wear comfortable, fatigue-reducing, low-heeled shoes with rubber or composition soles.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

The Penny That Shouted

—It Turned Out to Be Merlin the Magician—

By MAX TRELL

KNARF and Handi, the shadow children with the turned-about names, were walking down the street on the way to the grocery store when they heard something rolling behind them.

It was a penny. "Grab it!" shouted Knarf. Then he and Handi both ran as fast as they could, trying to catch the penny.

To their astonishment, they heard the penny shouting: "Go away! Let me alone!"

Friend's Voice

They recognised the voice of their friend, Mr. Merlin, the Magnificent Magician.

At this moment, Knarf put his foot on the penny and stopped it from rolling. The next second he found himself standing on Mr. Merlin.

"Take your foot away," said Mr. Merlin. "Why are you standing on me?"

"We thought you were a penny," said Knarf.

"I was," said Mr. Merlin. "What's wrong with that?"

He now got up and brushed himself off for he was all covered with dust from rolling in the street.

As they walked along Handi asked Mr. Merlin why he had changed himself into a penny.

Wonderful Adventures

"Just for the fun of it," said Mr. Merlin. "Pennies have wonderful adventures."

"They do?" said Knarf.

"I once knew a penny," said Mr. Merlin, nodding, "who popped all afternoon 'in the pocket of a little boy. He jingled and jangled with all the nickels and dimes and quarters, for this little boy was a newboy and sold lots of papers. And when they came home—rather, as they were on their way home—the little boy put his hand in his pocket, took out the penny and put it in a slot."

"What kind of a slot?" asked Handi.



Knarf ran after the rolling penny.

"And what happened to all those pennies?" Knarf wanted to know.

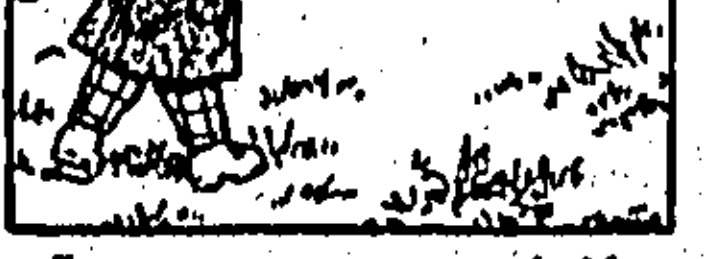
"By and by," said Mr. Merlin, "they were all picked up by a man and taken to a bank. Here they met hundreds of other pennies."

"The penny I knew had lots of further adventures."

Beggar's Hat

"He was dropped into a beggar's hat. He went to the post office and was exchanged for a stamp. Then he went to an old man in exchange for a shalace. Then a little girl got him and bought a balloon with him."

Rupert and the Old Chimney—35



Rupert trots away towards Nutwood humming cheerfully to himself. All at once he stops, stares upwards, and with a little gasp he turns back, calling loudly to Peter.

"What is it now?" asks the boy as he joins him. "Quick, you said you wanted to see the old chimney."

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WOMANSENSE

THE NURSERY WAITING FOR PRINCESS GRACE'S BABY...

By Sydney Smith

Monte Carlo. PRINCESS GRACE OF MONACO is determined to make as good a job of being a mother as she made of being Grace Kelly, film actress.

No woman has set out to make a more professional job of preparing for a baby. That much is obvious after what I have seen here.

The heir of Prince Rainier III and Princess Grace is expected within the next few days.

And the princess's enthusiasm is mounting every hour.

HER HOSPITAL

The Rainiers are moving into a pavilion suite at the Monte Carlo Hospital ready for the birth—with a nurse and the princess's secretary.

There is one room for the princess, a second for the nurse and baby, a third for the prince, and a fourth for the secretary. There is also a bathroom.

The princess's room has a direct telephone to the royal palace, a mile away and 1,000 feet below on "The Rock"—Monaco.

The Rainier child will be born into a room of pale blue and white with bright, sea-blue linoleum. The baby's cot is on wheels.

And the hospital staff are standing by day and night for the birth.

HER SECRETS

In what sort of atmosphere will this already celebrated child be raised?

Most people—including the prince himself—are in the dark about the more intimate preparations for the baby.

An enormous nursery on the ground floor of the 120-room palace is being made ready.

Princess Grace has banned her husband from the nursery area—she wants it to be a surprise.

The nursery is being decorated by an American interior decorator, George Stacey, who decorated her New York flat—pr-Rainier.

He is a slim, bronzed, bald young man, who wears a black silk scarf instead of a tie and says: "I am allowed only to say that the nursery will be in pale yellow pastel and white, the furniture mostly in white lacquer."

But the walls? France's top comic artist, 35-year-old Philippe Josse, is decorating them.

It is lovely, crazy stuff—mice and dogs and cats and pigs and



First panel of the nursery paper—Disney-like and strictly exclusive.

birds—there is one giraffe—enjoying a wild country carnival.

His first panel, of 20 square yards, is a magnificent fantasy.

Phillips says: "I was picked because the prince saw some illustrations I was doing for a children's book. So he told the princess to contact me. She won't let me show him my designs."

The baby's clothes have been bought in America. All that is known about them is that the basic colour is pale yellow. Just as suitable for a boy as for a girl.

But intimate friends told me that the princess wants a boy.

Every day of Christmas week the princess went to children's parties. She gave away hundreds of presents to the children of Monaco's friends, the police, the hospitals, the orphans.

HER HOPES?

And as I walked through the palace there in the courtyard walked Grace herself.

What does she expect—or want? The official palace line is that she will be happy whether it is a boy or a girl.

But intimate friends told me that the princess wants a boy.

The Mayor of Monte Carlo, Maitre Robert Boisson, is anxious that the Principality's joy at the arrival of a royal heir should not be attributed to their resulting escape from the higher taxes of France and all the gloomy bureaucracy of that nation.

He wants to make it quite clear that when the child is officially shown to the 4,000 Monegasque citizens in the palace courtyard ten days after birth, their applause will reflect purely their love for their royal family.

Whiteaways JANUARY

Stocktaking SALE



ALL WOOL CARDIGANS by "Scotch Reel", in 2 styles, V neck or high fastening in black, pink, turquoise or blue. Originally \$29.50. NOW \$24.50

ALL WOOL BOLEROS by "Scotch Reel", long sleeve style in beautiful soft wool, available in white or black only. Originally \$29.50. NOW \$19.50

HUNDREDS OF BARGAINS FOR LADIES

WOOL JACKETS made in Scotland by "Scotch Reel" in a very attractive style, in black, grey, blue, turquoise, pink or green, sizes 34 to 42. NOW \$35.00

"SCOTCH REEL" TWINSETS, sweater and cardigan to match, all sizes, wonderful value in white, black, pink, blue, green, turquoise or grey. Originally \$52.50. NOW \$42.50

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD. HONG KONG

LEAGUE CRICKET

Too Sporting A Declaration Gave KCC Four Points At The Expense Of The Indians

By "RECORDER"

With 136 runs on the board and five wickets lost, the Indian Recreation Club's captain, S. H. Khan, seized hold of the ball and merrily tinkled it at Cox's Road on Saturday to call in his team for some warming tea.

To this afternoon most of the IRC team is quite mystified as to why he did this. It was certainly one of the most sporting declarations in the annals of local cricket as the very solid KCC batting side were given 105 minutes in which to score 137 runs.

KCC had at one stage lost four wickets for 40 runs, but they did not lose any more and claimed the victory with seven minutes to spare. Later in the evening they were further heartened by the welcome news that the Royal Air Force had beaten the Optimists at Kai Tak.

The KCC-IRC match, despite skipper Khan's too sporting gesture, was not uninteresting. The Indians, the youngest team in the First Division with an average age of 26, have become a force to be reckoned with and next season may find them the First Division Champions.

SOLID ALL ROUND

They have a very solid attack, spearheaded by the Myatt brothers who are even more respected this year than they were last as two of the most difficult bowlers to face in local First Division cricket.

They have also a very efficient batting side with half a dozen batsmen capable of knocking up

an occasional 50. And young Ram Lalchandani is steadily shaping up into a very capable opening batsman. He is still rather inclined to be too conservative and his 34 on Saturday could have been 50 odd had he treated the bowling more aggressively.

As it was, Lalchandani and Sid Raymond were not separated all they had put on 64 runs, despite Cornell in a hostile mood and lifting the ball awkwardly and Bell always dangerous in his first few overs.

With 64 on the board, Raymond was leg before to Bell and with 72 up Lalchandani was caught by Coffey off Bell at forward short leg. Raymond had contributed 30 and Lalchandani 34.

Abbas went with only two more runs on the board, held by wicketkeeper Reach off Cornell. With 85 on the board, George Ebert played a ball from Bell on to his leg and it was deflected on to his wicket.

Alli Khan (20 not out) and Carl Myatt (24) stayed together up to 105 runs in the former was helped by Findlay off Bell at leg slip. Myatt and Abdool Rumanjain carried on to 136 when the former played a ball off Fairhall to Bell at first slip. The ball bounced off the edge of Bell's hand but he proved agile enough to grab it again and hold on.

Then came the tinkle of the bell. Bell took four wickets for 42 runs in 12 overs and Cornell deserved much better than his one for 41 in 10 overs.

One or two quick wickets may have given the IRC a chance of victory, but Phil Wood and Robbie Lee were not separated before 31 runs were on the board. Lee was held by S.H. Khan off Carl Myatt at mid-off.

Wood stayed to 45, towards which he contributed 22, when he played a ball back into Carl Myatt's hands. Cornell was bowled by Carl Myatt without opening his account and, also with only 49 on the board, Frank Findlay was run out on a nippy throw-in by George Ebert from point.

David Coffey and Kenneth Lo came together and both, particularly the former, embarked into real Saturday afternoon cricket to knock up the necessary 91 runs for victory in just 39 minutes. Two dropped catches in the deep—not particularly easy ones—could have changed the trend of things, but it was too bitterly cold in the field for normal alertness.

Coffey's undefeated 58 was one of his finest innings in a long time and Lo threw caution to the winds with his undefeated 36. The runs were needed and they were got. These two batted Myatt's analysis, and his three wickets in 15 overs cost him 54 runs.

OTHER MATCHES

At Kai Tak the Royal Air Force beat the Optimists by 58 runs after having declared at 161 for three wickets. Alan Taylor contributed 65 to this score, McGowan an undefeated 30. Lee 29 and Henderson an undefeated 24. The Optimists were dismissed for 103, Henderson taking five wickets for 45 runs in 14.1 overs and Birley three for 33 in 14 overs.

One surprise was Craigengower's failure to take four points off the Navy at Kings Park. The sailors struggled on to 109 and Craigengower reached only 107 for six when stumps were drawn.

Both the Scorpions and the Optimists took their turn at beating Police over the weekend at Chater Road. On Saturday the Scorpions won by five wickets.

Yesterday the Optimists struggled through to victory with three wickets in hand. Police had hit up 113, to which Williamson contributed an undefeated 47 as Pritchard took

NOTICE

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Special Cash Sweep on the Pearce Memorial Cup

Saturday, 26th January, 1957.

Over 950,000 tickets sold to date.

The sale of Cash Sweep Tickets on the above will close on 25th January, 1957, as follows:—

382 Nathan Road, Kowloon, at 4.00 p.m.

5 D'Aguilar Street, at 5.00 p.m.

Queen's Building, Ground Floor, Chater Road, at 9.00 p.m.

The Draw will be held in the Public Betting Hall at the Race Course, at 11.30 a.m. on Saturday, 26th January, 1957.

By Order of the Stewards, PEAT, MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO. Treasurers.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

SEVENTH RACE MEETING

Saturday 19th and Saturday 26th January, 1957.

(To be held under the Rules of the Hong Kong Jockey Club)

THE PROGRAMME WILL CONSIST OF 16 RACES.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race run at 2.00 p.m. on both days.

The Secretary's Office at Alexandra House will close at 11.45 a.m. on both days.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

NO PERSON WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED. All persons must wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the meeting.

Admission Badges at \$10.00 each per day are obtainable from the Club's Cash Sweep Office, at Queen's Building, Chater Road only on the written introduction of a Member, who will be responsible for all visitors introduced by him.

Tickets will be obtainable at the Club House if ordered in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 72811).

The 6th Floor is restricted to Members and Ladies wearing Lady's Brooches.

NO CHILDREN will be admitted to the Club's premises during the Meeting. For this purpose a Child is a person under the age of seventeen years, Western Standard.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission will be \$3.00 each per day payable at the Gate.

Any person leaving the Enclosure will be required to pay the requisite fee of \$3.00 in order to gain re-admission.

MEALS and REFRESHMENTS will be obtainable in the RESTAURANT.

SERVANTS

Servants must remain in their employers' boxes except for passing through on their duties. They may on no account use the Betting Booths or Pay Out Booths in the Enclosures.

CASH SWEEPS

Through Cash Sweep Tickets at \$10.00 each per day and \$32.00 for both days may be obtained from the Cash Sweep Office at Queen's Building, (Chater Road), and 5, D'Aguilar Street during normal office hours and until 11.00 a.m. on the day of the Race Meeting.

Particular numbers within the series 1 to 3,000 may be reserved for all race meetings as Through Tickets. Such tickets will be issued consecutively only and the right is reserved by the Stewards to cancel any reservation for Through Tickets for a particular meeting if it is found that sales may not reach the number reserved in the series 1 to 3,000.

In the case of two-day Race Meetings, Through Tickets may be purchased for each day of the Meeting provided that the second day is on a date not less than five days after the first day. In all other cases Through Tickets will only be sold for the whole Meeting.

Tickets reserved and available but not paid for by 10.00 a.m. on Friday, 18th January, will be sold and the reservation cancelled for future Meetings.

Tickets over 3,000 will also be issued consecutively but particular numbers cannot be reserved as Through Tickets.

The reservation of any particular number does not confer on the registered holder any rights whatsoever unless the ticket bearing the appropriate number is issued to and can be produced by the holder.

The Stewards reserve the right to refuse any subscription also the right to remove any name from Subscription Lists without stating reasons for their action.

SPECIAL CASH SWEEP

Tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the Pearce Memorial Cup scheduled to be run on 26th January 1957, at \$2.00 each, may be obtained from the Cash Sweep Office.

TOTALISATOR

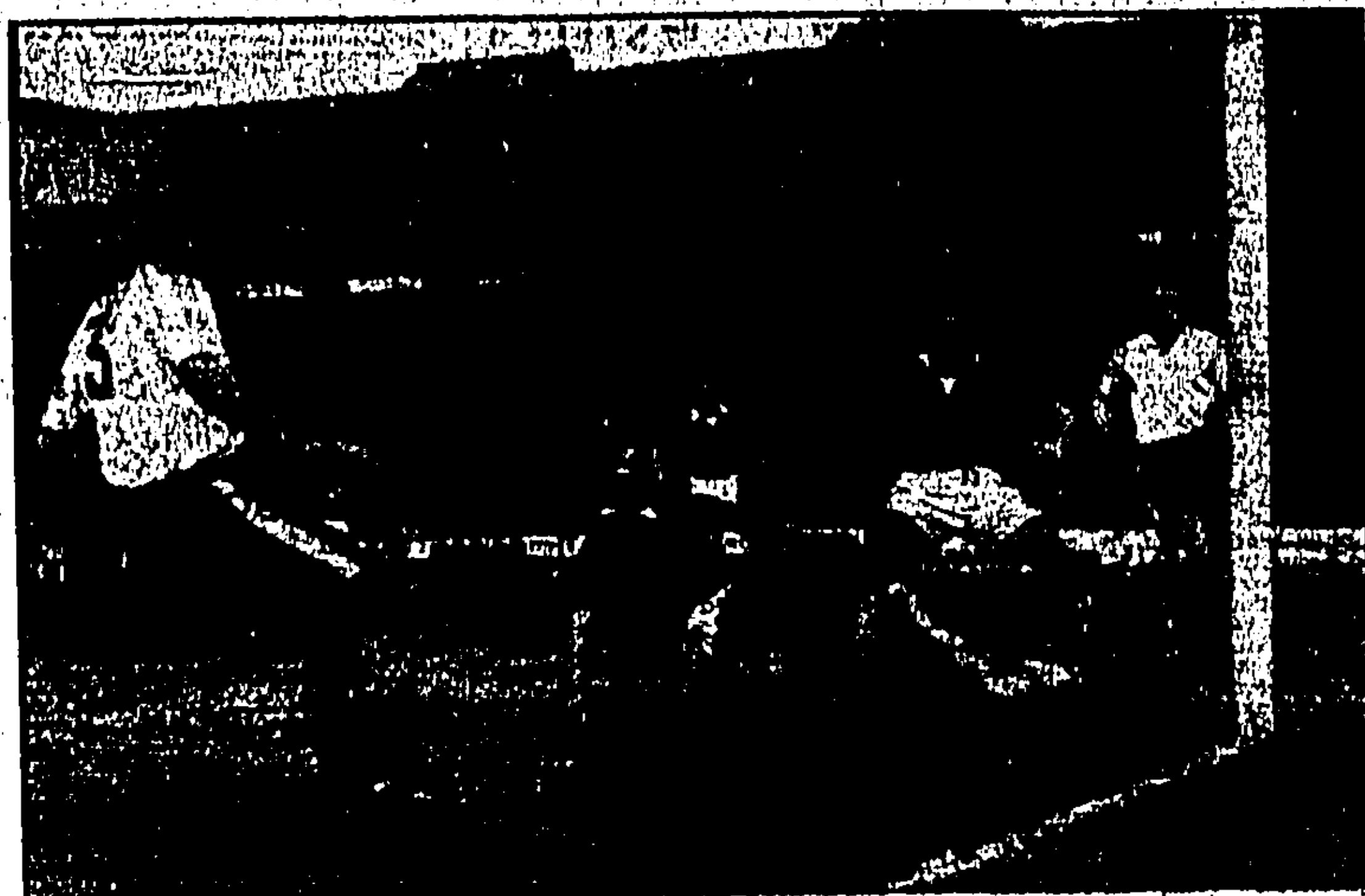
Backers are advised not to destroy or throw away their tickets until after the "all clear" signal has been exhibited.

ALL WINNING TICKETS AND TICKETS FOR REFUNDS MUST BE PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT AT THE RACE COURSE ON THE DAY TO WHICH THEY REFER, NOT LATER THAN ONE HOUR AFTER THE TIME FOR WHICH THE LAST RACE OF THE DAY HAS BEEN SCHEDULED TO BE RUN. PAYMENT WILL NOT BE MADE ON TORN OR DISFIGURED TICKETS.

Bookmakers, Tip men, etc. will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hong Kong Jockey Club.

By Order of the Stewards, A. E. Arnold, Secretary.

MISSED CHANCE FOR CHELSEA



Yearncombe, Cardiff goalkeeper, watches the ball sail outside the goal as Chelsea inside-right McNichol just fails to get to a centre in the First Division match at Stamford Bridge ground on January 12. Cardiff won 2-1.—Reuterphoto.

EASTERN 2, ARMY 1

Army Would Have Drawn Or Even Beaten Eastern With A Little More Luck

Says "TOUCHWOOD"

Give the Army boys their full due for their dogged stand against Eastern, the reigning First Division League Champions. Down two goals at half time, they trooped back on to the field after the interval to rock their opponents with a 16th minute goal and missed so many chances for the equaliser that it was sheer bad luck that they lost.

Though Eastern emerged 2-1 winners at the South China Stadium they can consider themselves extremely fortunate not to have been beaten, for their display after the interval should have resulted in defeat and only their defence helped them to hold on to their 2-0 lead until the final whistle.

A draw would have been fairer to the Army for the type of football they displayed. They could with luck on their side have very well turned the tables against Eastern, but their forwards—Hough, Evans, Higgins, Martin and Bowering—repeatedly missed the mark and it was sheer frustration to watch them throwing chances down the drain.

Eastern's Ho Ying-fun and Chu Wing-keung were not at their best and these two players, who played in Lee Yue's position at left-back, shone only in patches.

In defence Ko Po-keung, Toledo and Kung Wah-kit withstood with honours the attacking might of the opposition. Lee Kwok-wah, who played in Lee Yue's position at left-back, shone only in patches.

REMARKABLE SAVES

The Eastern custodian, Yung Pul-dor, must be congratulated for his cool game and for some remarkable saves at point blank range. Due to the previous night's rain, the pitch in certain parts made control of the ball difficult, especially around the

four for 16. Leigh-Bennett with 50 was top scorer for the Optimists.

HOW THEY STAND

	P	W	L	D	Pts.
KCC	12	9	1	2	28
Army South	11	8	1	2	24
Optimists	11	7	1	3	21
RAF	12	6	4	2	23
Craigengower	12	4	4	4	20
Army North	10	4	4	2	18
Indian RC	10	3	4	3	15
Recreo	11	3	5	3	15
Scorpions	12	2	5	5	13
Police	11	1	9	1	5
Royal Navy	10	0	8	2	2

Second Division

	P	W	L	D	Pts.
Army North	15	12	1	2	34
KCC Hornets	14	10	2	2	42
RAF	12	8	1	3	33
Dockyard	15	7	0	2	30
Recreo	14	0	3	5	20
KCC Wasps	13	5	4	4	24
University	13	4	2	7	23
Indian RC	13	5	5	3	23
Police	15	4	4	7	22
DBS	15	3	5	6	18
Royal Navy	15	4	9	2	18
Police	14	2	10	2	10
KGV School	14	1	11	2	6

* Including two points for a tie.

CAME CLOSE

Centre-forward Higgins came very close to beating Yung Pul-dor in the 20th minute but his shot was headed out by Kung Wah-kit for a fruitless corner.

The Army had another flag kick that had the Eastern defence bunched up. Hough lofted over a well placed shot to Bowering who headed the ball straight into Yung Pul-dor.

In a sudden raid the Army boys had their opponents working doubly hard and a shot taken on the run by right winger Hough saw the ball missing the net completely.

Eastern increased their score in the 35th minute through a Hau Ching-to-Wong Tak-look combination. Hau placed the ball into the centre of the goalmouth and in a flash Wong Tak-look headed it beyond

retrieving to make the score read 2-0.

The last ten minutes was a hectic period for Eastern as their opponents increased their pressure for goals. Evans, Higgins and Bowering each had a very good attempt but they failed to beat Yung Pul-dor.

Immediately after resumption the losers kept hammering at Eastern's defence and for the best part of this half they had chances galore wasted.

It was not until the 10th minute that the Army were able to put one past Yung Pul-dor. Higgins pounced on a loose ball, hesitated for a moment and when he found he could not lift his foot for a shot, pushed it over to Hough who swiped the ball into the back of the net.

TEAMS

Eastern: Yung Pul-dor; Toledo, Lee Kwok-wah; Kung Wah-kit, Ko Po-keung, Ma Man-hung; Wong Tak-look, Chu Wing-keung, Ho Ying-fun, Lo Kwok-lai, Hau Ching-to.

Army: Allen; Hogan, Mullett; Swan Jones, Fowler; Hough, Evans, Higgins, Martin, Bowering.

New Rugger Captain For Cambridge U.

Cambridge, Jan. 20. Cambridge University Rugby Club have elected W. J. Downey as their captain for 1957, in succession to A. J. Herbert.

Downey has played in three varsity matches as a front row forward and was secretary last year.

A. A. Mulligan, Irish International scrum half, will be honorary secretary and his partner, J. P. Horrocks-Taylor, England trialist at fly half, will be assistant honorary treasurer.

—China Mail Special.

ED FURGOL WINS CALIENTE OPEN GOLF TOURNEY PRIZE

Agua Caliente, Mexico, Jan. 20. Veteran Ed Furgol, playing his steadiest when the competition was toughest, beat Al Bessellink in the second hole of a play-off to win the \$15,000 Caliente Open golf tournament today.

Deadlocked at the end of 72 holes of play, each with a score of 280, the 40-year-old Furgol and his younger foe immediately teed off in a sudden-death play-off in near-darkness and rain.

They parred the 525-yard first hole with aces. Both men hit traps with their second shots, but blasted out beautifully to within 10 feet of the pin. But both missed the putts.

Then came the fateful second. That is a 450-yard, uphill, against-the-wind par-four hole. Furgol got home in two and Bessellink was just short of the green. He used a putter from there and came up about four feet short of the pin. Meanwhile, Furgol went for a birdie putt from 20 feet and missed by a foot. When Bessellink missed, Furgol, former National Open Champion, then calmly tapped in his for the victory.

The win was worth \$2,000 for Ed, while Bessellink picked up \$1,500 for second place.

Both men fought uphill battles in this gambling tournament. Furgol was a 12-1 selection and Bessellink had been listed at 30-1.

But Bessellink, once winner of the \$10,000 first prize in the big tournament of Champions at Las Vegas, enough money is at stake. In this one, there was bookie betting on the players and Al figured to win a bundle if he came home in front.

AT FLORIDA

Tampa, Florida, Jan. 20. The defending champion, Betsy Rawls, fought off a record challenge by Fay Crocker on the final hole today to win the \$5,000 Tampa Women's Open golf tournament for the third time.

Miss Rawls fired a one-over women's-par 74 in the final round for a winning total of 298.

Miss Crocker, former US Open Champion from Montevideo, Uruguay, fell only one stroke short as she scored a women's record six-under-par 67 in the final round.

To capture the 23rd tournament victory of her career, Miss Rawls needed a par-five on the 16th hole and she was a little nervous after taking bogeys on the 10th and 17th.

But she drove carefully down the middle of the 475-yard hole and her second shot rolled into the cup. She needed 11 feet from the cup and she grinned broadly. Then she safely two-putted the ball home to victory.

The victory was worth \$880 for Miss Rawls, who has won this tourney twice previously. Miss Crocker collected \$610 for second place.

Veteran Patty Berg captured third money of \$228 with a 79-stroke finish for 305.—United Press.

Mervyn Rose Wins Miami Singles Title

Coral Gables, Florida, Jan. 20.

Australian star Mervyn Rose swatted out a far-swinging victory over Sammy Giammalva today to win the Coral Gables University of Miami Tennis Championship.

Top-seeded Rose won by scores of 3-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2.

A driving rain, which started shortly after the singles play ended, caused a postponement of the doubles match. Rose and fellow-Australian Don Candy of Sydney jumped off to a 6-2 win in the first set over Giammalva and Eddie Moylan.

The finals were not rescheduled as Giammalva had to leave for Houston. Giammalva, third-ranked in the meet, surprised the gallery by dominating the first set of the singles match. The Texan's powerful serves and return shot threw Rose on the defence after the first three in the week-long tournament.

However, Rose, relying mostly on booming serves, came back strongly in the second set. From then on, he took charge.—United Press.

HOME SOCCER STANDINGS

London, Jan. 19. English and Scottish Football League standings after today's matches were as follows:

First Division	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts.
Manchester U.	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Tottenham	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Arsenal	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Wolves	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Leeds U.	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Blackpool	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Bolton	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Birmingham C.	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Burnley	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Newcastle	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
West Bromwich	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Everton	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Sheff. W.	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Chelsea	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Nottingham F.	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Cardiff City	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Southampton	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Portsmouth	20	14	4	2	48	20	32
Charlton	20	14	4	2	48	20	32

Second Division		P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts.
Leicester City	20	17	7	2	50	26	41	
Rioke City	20	16	7	0	60	40	35	
Notts F.	21	14	7	0	54	30	34	
Blackburn	20	15	4	0	62	30	34	
Blackpool	20	15	4	0	62	30	34	
Middlesbrough	20	12	7	0	54	41	31	
West Ham	20	13	8	0	30	32	32	
Sheffied U.	20	13	6	0	64	37	31	
Barnsley	20	13	7	0	51	31	31	
Doncaster	23	12	0	10	63	53	25	
Lepton	21	11	7	9	45	53	25	
Huddersfield	20	10	4	6	40	50	24	
Barnsley	22	12	0	14	25	69	23	
Swansea	27	11	4	12	37	63	23	
Lincoln City	27	11	3	13	33	44	23	
Derby County	20	9	0	11	30	43	18	
Grimsby	27	9	0	18	34	54	18	
Rotherham U.	27	9	0	17	42	52	18	
Bristol C.	27	8	0	19	34	63	16	
Sheffied F.	20	7	0	13	30	44	14	
Port Vale	25	6	0	19	31	64	12	
Notts County	27	4	0	18	33	56	8	

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOON)
 Price, 20 cents per copy.
 Saturdays 20 cents.
 Subscription: \$4.00 per month.
 Postage: China and Macao \$2.00 per month; other countries \$2.50 per month.
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 Telephone: 2611 (5 lines).
KOWLOON OFFICE:
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 20 WORDS \$4.00
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 Personal \$5.00 per insertion
 not exceeding 25 words, 25
 cents each additional word.
ALTERNATE INSERTIONS
 10% EXTRA
 If not prepaid a booking fee
 of 50 cents is charged.

DEATHS

MARCEL—Henrique Oscar, aged 58, passed away peacefully on January 21, 1957, at the St. Theresa's Hospital. Funeral will take place 9:30 p.m. today, Happy Valley.

WANTED KNOWN

FLOWER ARRANGEMENT Classes! We have attractive, inexpensive bowls and "trays". Duval Ltd., 20 Garden Road, Open till 9 p.m. Monday/Friday.

MUSICAL

LATENT WESTMINSTER releases have arrived consisting of symphonies, piano chamber music. An outstanding number in music. For more information, contact D. Egan, 100 Alexandra House, telephone 35100, 35007.

MAYFAIR MUSIC COMPANY, Sole Agents and Distributors of all new English and German Pianos, Gramophones, Records, and Records. Instruments, Organ, and Organ. Also recommended organs, pianos, and pianos. Woodwind instruments can be supplied in any quantity on request. Loans and repair services available. Special discount offered for monthly instalment orders. Address: 24, Little Lark Street, telephone 27411. Cable Address: "MAYMUSIC".

STAMPS

STAMP ALBUMS—"Collector's Guide" series. New stock now available. 31, From South China Morning Post Ltd., Wyndham Street and Salisbury Road, Kowloon.

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For the convenience of the public and the troupe of the San Francisco Ballet, we will be open for late supper.

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SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

LONDON'S VITAL ROLE IN WORLD'S TELECOMMUNICATIONS

THE focal point of the Commonwealth and one of the major trading centres of the world, London is also one of the most vital links in the world's elaborate network of telecommunication services. Every day thousands of telegrams, photo-telegrams, telex messages and telephone calls pass through London to and from countries in every part of the world.

Responsibility for these services within the United Kingdom lies with the External Telecommunications Executive of the Post Office, operating within the framework of the Commonwealth Telecommunications Board.

The Commonwealth Telecommunications Board draws on the technical and operational experience of the United Kingdom Post Office and Cable and Wireless Ltd. This pooling of experience has resulted in a closely integrated cable and wireless system which is helping not only to cement the family and international ties of the Commonwealth, but also to stimulate the flow of trade and information throughout the world.

The telegraph traffic carried by the Commonwealth Telecommunications network has now reached some 740,000,000 paid words a year, while the number of paid minutes on overseas telephone calls originating in the United Kingdom alone is in the region of 13,000,000.

The Post Office External Communications Executive has operational and administrative control of the former Central Telegraph Station of Cable and Wireless Ltd. In Electric House, London, the Executive controls the 15 London branches of the Post Office Cable and Wireless Services, and of the Cable Room and International Telex Exchange in the original Central Telegraph Office of the General Post Office. It also controls the radio stations throughout the world, the Radiotelephone Terminal, and the Continental and International telephone exchanges.

Every day, an average of about 35,000 telegrams to and from countries overseas are handled by the 12,000 telegraph offices in Britain. In addition, some 14,000 transit telegrams pass through London on their way to other countries.

Messages to be cabled overseas from London pass from Electric House through the cable station operated by Cable and Wireless Ltd. at Portcunho, Cornwall.

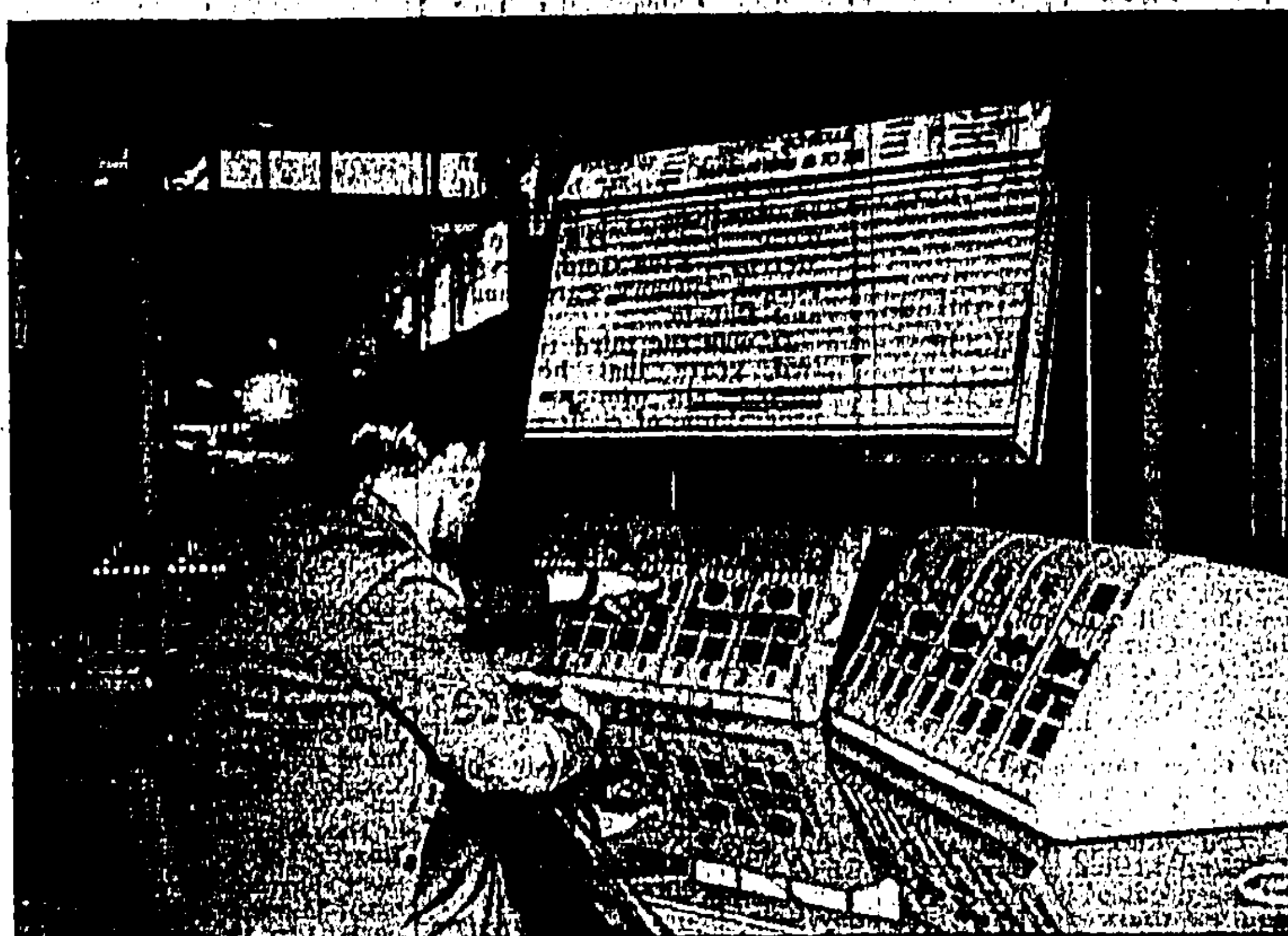
Wireless messages from London to overseas countries are transmitted from one of the Post Office radio stations. The most important of these is at Rugby, in the heart of Britain—the largest and most up-to-date radio station in the world.

The cable station at Portcunho links Britain with the Commonwealth network of 160,000 nautical miles of submarine cable routes operated by Cable and Wireless Ltd. and various associated companies. Now a Government-owned limited company, Cable and Wireless Ltd. is the largest single undertaking in the world engaged in international telecommunications. In addition to being responsible for the maintenance and development of the Commonwealth submarine cable network, it operates directly, or through associated companies, external cable and wireless services in more than 20 other countries in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the Caribbean.

A highlight in international telecommunications services will be the completion towards the end of 1956 of the transatlantic telephone cable project. Providing 36 separate telephone chan-

nels, this cable will consist of two separate one-way cables, laid for most of the way 20 miles apart on the ocean floor between Oban, Scotland, and Clarenville, Newfoundland, a distance of 1,950 nautical miles with repeaters at intervals of about 37 miles in each cable. Sections of repeated two-way submarine cable and of land lines will connect the western terminus to Sydney Mines, Nova Scotia, and a new microwave relay system will extend 575 miles from there to Portland, Maine, to link with the telephone networks in the United States.

This first transatlantic telephone cable is a joint project of Britain, Canada and the United States. The cable is being laid by a Post Office ship—Her Majesty's Telegraph Ship *Monarch*, the largest cable ship in the world. London is a centre of international telecommunication. Telex subscribers in the United Kingdom, who exchange printed messages by teleprinter, have access to the International Telex Exchange in London, and can quickly call subscribers in Europe, South Africa and the United States. Some 9,000 changeable minutes a day are recorded in the International Exchange.



Inside the radio station at Rugby, in the heart of England. With the most complete system of remote control in any large transmitting station, Rugby is also the largest radio station in the world. This picture shows an operator changing a transmitter frequency by turning a switch in the central control panel.

Tractor High Load Lifter Has Platform

A modified high lift loader mounted on a Ferguson tractor provides a mobile observation platform for the examination of tree crops at an agricultural and horticultural research station at Bristol, in the west of England.

Available at the station have used the platform to assess insect infestation or disease infection, observe the effects of various sprays on insects and to take samples of the foliage and other parts of trees for analysis of spray deposits.

The loader bucket was converted to an observation platform by the addition of a rigid tubular steel guard rail four feet from the base of the bucket and making it look

something like a rubbish basket without the wire netting.

With the beams fully raised the platform base is 11 ft. from the ground and enables an observer of normal height to reach branches up to 18 ft.

Steel side-plates were also fitted outside the bucket, affording a foothold for the observer when reaching branches on either side. A removable metal tray for holding specimens, sampling and other equipment, was fitted inside the bucket.

ADJUSTABLE

On the guard rails a rigid universally adjustable camera support can be fitted in appropriate positions.

At its maximum height the platform projects 3 ft. forward from the front wheels of the tractor which can then be driven into position.

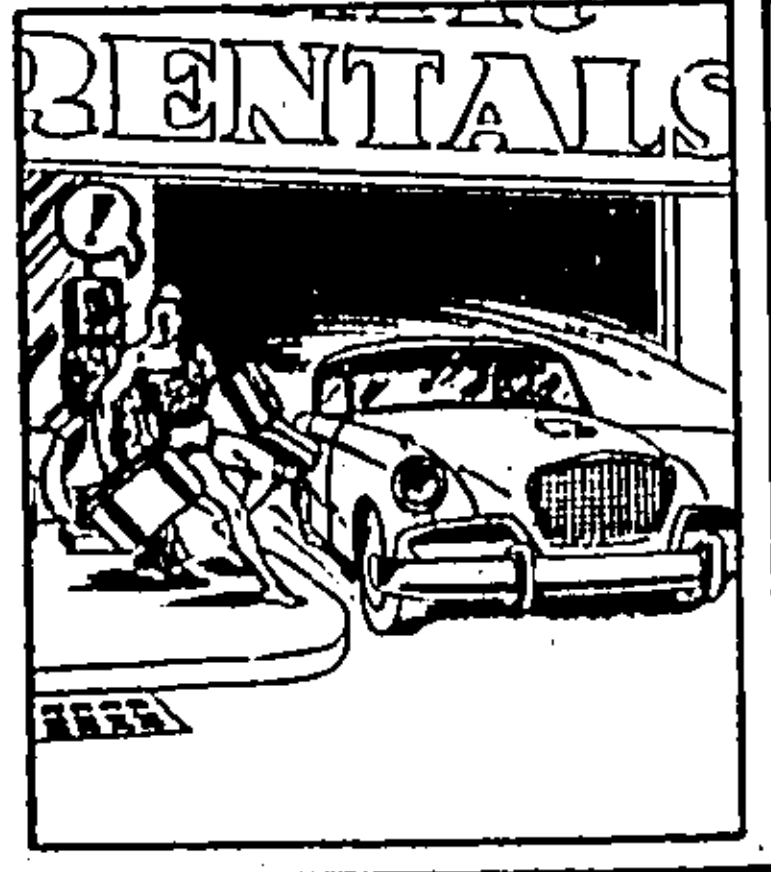
A two cwt concrete block is carried on the tractor low-bar, to reduce the extra weight imposed on the front axle, and the tractor wheels are set at least 60 inches between centres for increased stability and safety.

Samples can be taken over a tree area of approximately 12 ft. square from one position of the platform. In open positions the tractor can be driven from tree to tree without lowering the platform.

The necessity for periodic levelling of the platform as it is being raised can be eliminated by the replacement of the third arm by parallel-linked arms so fitted as to maintain the horizontal position irrespective of the height of the beams.

This equipment forms the basis for a mobile observation platform and further modifications may extend its use.

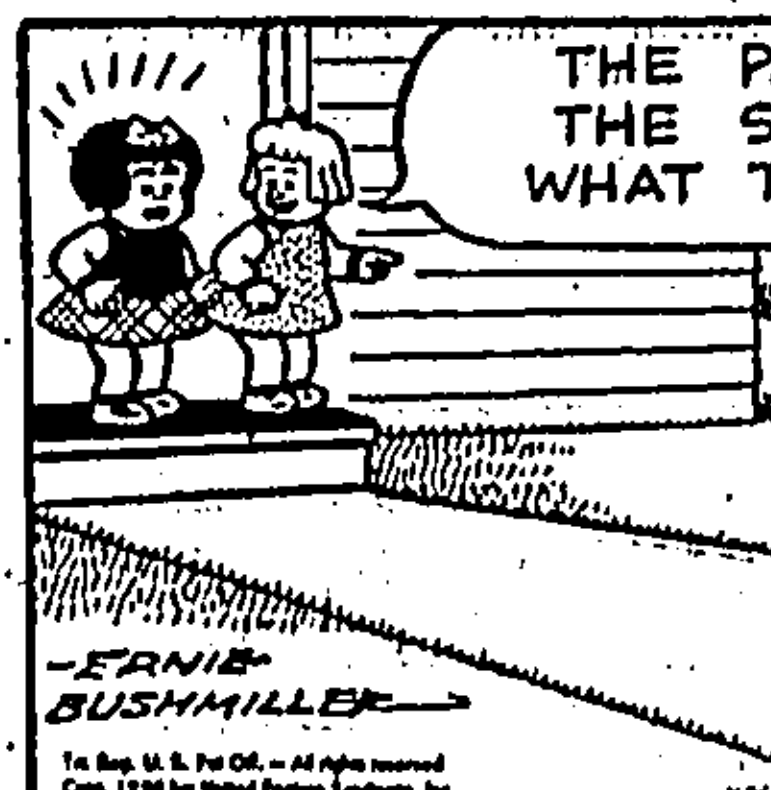
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



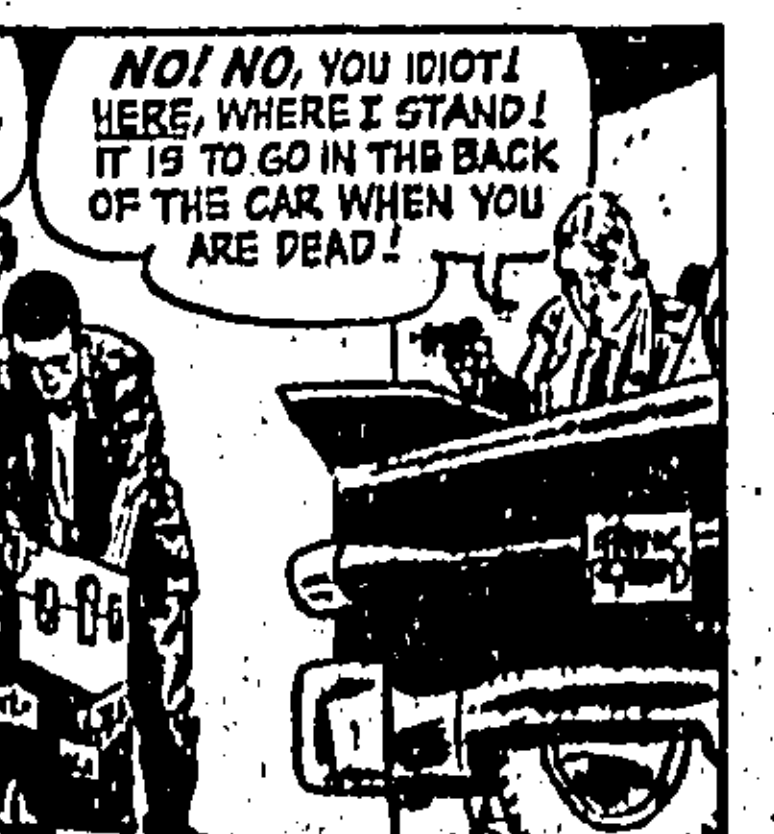
FERD'NAND



NANCY



JOHNNY HAZARD



PHOTOGRAPHY IN PLANT PEST & DISEASE CONTROL

CLIVE CADWALLADER, F.R.P.S.
 Shell Photographic Unit, London

Millions of tons of vital food crops are lost annually through the destructive activities of pests and diseases. It is therefore extremely important that farmers and growers should recognise early signs of any disease so that they may take action before damage is irreparable. It may also happen that scientific investigation shows a certain period of a pest's life-cycle to be particularly vulnerable to counter-measures.

Photography, especially colour photography, has become a useful aid to the entomologist and plant pathologist wishing to study such cycles. Photographs may also help to instruct farmers and market gardeners, who can learn with their help to recognise the symptoms of disease and the cause of damage.

During the past five years the Shell Photographic Unit has made a unique study of the more important pests and diseases occurring in the British Isles and throughout the tropical and sub-tropical zones.

A photographic programme of this kind involves much exploratory work. Material must often be examined under a low-power microscope or hand lens to test its photographic qualities. Cameras are used varying in size from 8 by 12 centimetres to half-plate, all fitted with extensions allowing for interchange of lenses of different focal lengths. Micro-Tessar type photomicrographic lenses are used for recording specimens in the lower magnification range, and a magnification of over 50 diameters can be obtained.

For work involving high magnification a Watson Holophot combined camera and microscope is used. Larger subjects need a half-plate Kodak Specialist camera, which is mounted horizontally on sliding carriers on an optical bench. Exposures are calculated with an SEL photometer which covers the wide range of light values met with in this type of work.

These are only a few of the problems facing the photographer, but the new laboratory for the Shell Photographic Unit opened recently in London afford all possible technical assistance. They are fitted with modern processing and printing equipment and can handle both direct reversal and negative-positive colour systems of photography as well as black-and-white bromide printing. If further information is needed about the availability of these photographs, inquiries should be addressed to The Shell Petroleum Company Limited, Public Relations Department, No. 1 Kingsway, London, WC2.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.
 6.30, Talking About Teaching; 6.45, News; 7.00, The News; 7.15, The News; 7.30, The News; 7.45, The News; 8.00, The News; 8.15, The News; 8.30, The News; 8.45, The News; 9.00, The News; 9.15, The News; 9.30, The News; 9.45, The News; 10.00, The News; 10.15, The News; 10.30, The News; 10.45, The News; 11.00, The News; 11.15, The News; 11.30, The News; 11.45, The News; 12.00, The News; 12.15, The News; 12.30, The News; 12.45, The News; 1.00, The News; 1.15, The News; 1.30, The News; 1.45, The News; 2.00, The News; 2.15, The News; 2.30, The News; 2.45, The News; 3.00, The News; 3.15, The News; 3.30, The News; 3.45, The News; 4.00, The News; 4.15, The News; 4.30, The News; 4.45, The News; 5.00, The News; 5.15, The News; 5.30, The News; 5.45, The News; 6.00, The News; 6.15, The News; 6.30, The News; 6.45, The News; 7.00, The News; 7.15, The News; 7.30, The News; 7.45, The News; 8.00, The News; 8.15, The News; 8.30, The News; 8.45, The News; 9.00, The News; 9.15, The News; 9.30, The News; 9.45, The News; 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TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

Mixed Reception For Ike's Record Budget

TREASURY SECRETARY AGAINST INCREASE IN GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

By JOHN MORKA

New York, Jan. 20.

Reaction of U.S. businessmen and financial circles to President Eisenhower's record peacetime budget of 71.8 billion for the fiscal year beginning July 1 was mixed.

There was, of course, widespread praise for the President's assurances that the budget would be balanced. On other points, however, there was far less unanimity.

Some economists found the budget proposals envisioning a surplus in fiscal 1958 of 1.8 billion altogether too optimistic. Others felt the budget might in effect turn out to be deflationary in that expected receipts may exceed the President's estimates.

But the strongest criticism came from Secretary of the Treasury George M. Humphrey who objected vehemently to the seven billion increase in the annual rate of government spending over the past three years. Calling for widespread economies, he ruled out the principle of deficit spending under any circumstances and opposed tax cuts as economic stimulants. If the government does not begin to reduce spending and cut taxes before long, he said, "we'll have a depression that will curl your hair."

Some Doubts

Although he disclaimed any differences with President Eisenhower, financial circles had some doubts. According to the Wall Street Journal, "the shape of the new budget suggests that... Humphrey's influence with the President is on the decline."

There was speculation also that the President might be listening more to the so-called "liberal wing" of his party than to the Conservative Humphrey who insists government should do less for the people, with less emphasis on the welfare type of government programmes Eisenhower has been recommending.

The budget, the Wall Street Journal pointed out editorially, was "solid testimony to a failure" on Eisenhower's part. The Eisenhower Administration, it commented, is not reducing the burdens of government, but adding to them by increasing expenses.

"Nowhere in it (the budget) is there a single phrase of determination, or even of hope, that the non-military burdens of government can be reduced. Instead the talk is all about the new obligations of the government to take away the people's money and spend it for them."

"To strive without success can be an honourable failure. To abandon resolution is to abandon everything."

And that is the true measure of this failure."

Economist Marcus Nadler, Professor of Banking and Finance at New York University, foresees a moderate decline in business activity ahead. Accordingly, he finds that the margin of surplus, which revenues as outlined in the budget "is a little too small for comfort."

Bit Weak

Much the same was voiced by H. H. Helmann, Executive Vice-President of the American Business Association. He said, "The budget is a bit weak because the whole thing is projected on increased tax receipts and a good business year, while we may be in for a breathing spell."

Mr. Ernest G. Swigert, President of National Association of Manufacturers, "It is discouraging to see the government spending more and more on its domestic programme, where economy should be achieved."

In Wall Street it also was a case of touch-and-go.

First reaction of the financial community was that the budget was inflationary and therefore not unfavourable for the market. Traders on the Stock Exchange soon turned bearish, however, and demand fell off, and selling set in with the market yesterday irregular at the close.

Considerable weight was given the words of Secretary Humphrey. Now all the Street is awaiting for the many other

messages to come from President Eisenhower on specific legislative items. Meantime, the market continues under the influence of tight money and uncertainty over second half business. While many anticipate a lack of demand sufficient to carry the market into new high ground, there are few who think there will be a major decline.

The financial coterie got a bit of a shock last week as stock prices continued to zig-zag indecisively, with pressure heaviest on steel and motor issues, although most of the other groups also came in for a measure of price-paring.

This year, so far, some \$2,500,000,000 in market valuations have been drained off. Prices have closed lower in seven of the 11 sessions so far this year. Autos, steel, electrical equipment, and cement seem to have suffered the most. Losses appear to have been concentrated in the higher priced issues, giving support to the theory that investors are shifting their focus to the low-priced issues and away from the higher priced ones which figure in the stock indices. According to a tabulation by Hemphill, Noyes & Co., brokers, prices in the 50-70 group have fallen 2.00 per cent this year; those from 70 to 80 gained 4.07 per cent, as did all the groupings up to 40. Stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange in the 1 to 10 bracket gained 8.02 per cent.

Steel Letdown

Market experts blame the price slump in recent reports that the steel industry is heading for a bit of a letdown by midyear. Main reason for this is slackening in demand from the car industry for cold rolled sheets. The car makers generally will take more than 20 per cent of steel output. Appliance makers are also said to be cutting back on their orders.

Another disturbing feature last week was the report that inventories of steel are piling up in car factories. Sales of cars have been lagging, but the makers are not overly worried so far; they are counting on the normal spring pick-up to point the way for a profitable year.

Some steel issues have declined as much as eight per cent so far this year. The lessened optimism in the car industry, along with cutbacks in car production in Europe as a result of the Suez oil shortage and gasoline rationing, have put pressure on natural rubber prices over the past few days. Rubber futures in the past seven days of trading lost 10 per cent of the value, sending prices back to their pre-Suez levels. War scares helped boost the price of rubber from 32 cents a pound to 33 cents last autumn. The cutbacks in European and U.S. car production have led to reduced tyre consumption. This factor along with the heavy build-up of stocks on the war scare, were the major depressants.

Elsewhere

Elsewhere, in brief: The Federal Reserve Board stick to restrictive credit policies for the time being, according to an interpretation by Senate Banking Chairman William Fulbright after a closed-door briefing. Mr. Fulbright said he got the impression. Board officials "have no reason to change present conditions to change their methods—primarily the discount rate—of trying to control inflation." There was new speculation that the government might be considering new credit controls and that thought was being given to a hike in the discount rate as an anti-inflationary measure. However, there was no official word

available on these possibilities. But Mr. W. W. Riefler, assistant to Federal Reserve Board Chairman William C. Martin, hinted of possible new credit tightening moves. He said signs of inflation are now so "unmistakably present" that the situation "calls for consideration of the dangers involved in such a spiral and the existing means of coping with it."

Steel prices are going up and so may the cost of steel labour. The U.S. Steel Corp. announced it is raising prices 3 1/2 per cent on steel pipe in sizes over 14 inches. The company also announced a 4 per cent increase on carbon structural shapes and 5 1/2 per cent for carbon plates. Other companies recently put through similar mark-ups. Meanwhile, Mr. David J. McDonald, President of the United Steel Workers Union, warned the industry that a substantial wage demand will be high on the agenda in any future contract negotiations. He said the union is not "completely satisfied" with its present three-year steel contracts and "does not intend to stand still." Steel management spokesmen blame the mounting costs of labour for cutting heavily into the industry's profit margins. They say price rises are bound to come, according to trade experts.

Meanwhile, steel companies announced an all-time record expenditure of 1.7 billion on expansion for this year. This is 500 million more than in 1956, but they're finding it increasingly hard to finance the expansion because of the tight money situation.

Copper Boost

The Agriculture Department will reduce cotton price supports for the 1957 crop below last year's support level of 82.5 per cent of parity. Officials say supply and demand prospects indicate a 1957 support rate somewhere between 70 and 81 per cent of parity.

The increased international tensions and tightness of supplies has forced the U.S. government to order larger amounts of steel, copper, nickel and aluminium be set aside at mills and foundries during the second quarter for defence users. The copper set-aside was boosted 17 per cent above the current quarter. In steel, aluminium and nickel alloy, the set-asides are two per cent higher.—United Press.

The Bank Of England Statement

London, Jan. 20.

The Bank of England statement for the week ended January 16, reads as follows:

Notes in circulation	1,899,794,433
Public deposits	15,068,000
Private deposits	229,221,629
Government securities	27,509,910
Other securities	12.3
Ratio	United Press.

The Bank Of France Statement

Paris, Jan. 20.

The Bank of France statement for the week ended January 10, reads as follows:

Prime	501,304,302,420
Total gold holdings	13,420,000,733
Advance to Treasury	49,100,100,000
in R.F.U.	41,000,000,000
Advance to State	1,709,461,340,450
Discount bills discounted	1,709,461,340,450
Banknotes in circulation	1,709,461,340,450
Loans, accounts and deposits	1,709,461,340,450
	United Press.

THREAT TO EISENHOWER'S DOCTRINE UPSETS WALL STREET MARKET

By ELMER WALZER

New York, Jan. 20.

A Russian-Communist Chinese threat against the Eisenhower doctrine in the Middle East sent the Stock Market into a tailspin on Friday to round out the widest weekly decline since May 25.

The Soviet-Chinese promise to help the Middle East came in the last half hour of the Friday session after an orderly, routine decline had carried the market into lower territory.

Selling developed at once on a large scale with steel shares the principal targets. It developed such momentum that before the 30 minutes were up the industrial average had been driven to a new low since November 30, sales for the brief period had run up to 600,000 shares, a daily rate of 6,000,000 shares, and tickers had fallen three minutes late.

Rails Off

When the market closed for the week, industrial shares were off 16.37 points from the previous week at 477.44, which in turn was off 22.01 points from the 1956 close.

Rails finished at 161.13, off 2.20 points on the week and off only 2.10 points on the year, utilities lost 0.40 on the week and at 69.22 were up 0.68 point compared with Dec. 31 close.

For the Industrials it was the 10th decline in the first 13 sessions of 1957.

Market operators had been elated by the market's chutzpah in the earlier sell-off. Selling started on Monday when steel broke on a Pittsburgh dispatch

stating that incoming orders were disappointing from the car and electrical appliance industries.

Steels and metals carried the decline further on Tuesday. There was a brief rally on the budget message on Wednesday but the trend turned when Secretary George M. Humphrey said if government spending and taxes aren't cut soon, we'll have a depression "that'll curl your hair."

On Thursday an early decline was followed by a late rally from the lows. Friday started out well for the bulls but ended with the market going to the bears.

As Wall Street saw it, the list of unfavourable items precluded another early attempt to put the market through the 500 level in the Industrials. The adverse items in addition to the steel news and the Humphrey statement, included a dip in car output, revelation that 1956 housing starts fell 10 per cent under 1955, and doubts that the oil companies can make their price rise stick after the Suez Canal is reopened.

Wider Declines

The wider declines included Bethlehem Steel off 8 1/2, Youngstown Sheet and Tube off 9 1/2, Gulf Oil off 8, Louisville & Nashville off 7 1/2, Caterpillar Tractor off 7 1/2, Crucible Steel off 7 1/2, Inland Steel off 7 1/2, National Supply off 10, Chrysler off 3 1/2, and American Shipbuilding off 6.—United Press.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET REVIEW

By WILLIAM T. PLUNKETT

New York, Jan. 20.

Cotton futures trading this past week plodded along at an extra-slow gait while dealers pondered a number of conflicting influences overhanging the market.

Some experts also thought the market acted a little three after a previous four-week rise which carried nearby months to seasonal highs.

At Friday's close the list ruled off 11 to up two points, or 55 cents a bale lower to 10 cents a bale higher than the preceding week.

The limited interest centred mainly in nearby deliveries, with evening-up in the March delivery and trade switching operations making up most of the activity prior to first notice day—February 21.

New crop months were relatively neglected while traders studied Washington reports relating to the prospective government loan on farm legislation.

SUPPORT SYSTEM

Senate proposals to restore rigid 90 per cent of parity support, introduced by North Dakota Republican Senators Young and Langer, suggested the move might touch off another congressional fight against the administration's flexible support system.

Meanwhile, other Washington reports said cotton price supports for the 1957 crop will be reduced by the Agriculture Department below this season's level of 82 1/2 per cent of parity. Officials said supply-and-demand prospects indicate a support rate somewhere between 70 and 81 per cent of parity. Some quarters felt the loan rate may be no more than the legal minimum of 70 per cent, which would be well below the level at which new crop futures have been selling.

The Census Bureau report on domestic consumption for February proved disappointing. The Bureau indicated the decrease in demand would be well below the level at which new crop futures have been selling.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to approximately \$320,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Notes
BANKS			
HSK Bank	1020	1030	9 1/2 @ 1020
			45 @ 1025
			3 @ 1025
INSURANCES			
London			37 1/2
SHIPPING			
Whitbread			6.50
XD			
DOCKERS, ETC.			
K. Wharf			93
Dei. Land			49 1/2 @ 90
Provident			13.30
(O)			
HSK Hotel	14.90	15	1400 @ 14.90
HSK Land	6 1/2	6 1/2	1000 @ 13.30
Humphreys	1.25 1/2	1.27 1/2	2000 @ 1.25
Realty			100 @ 1.60
RUBBER			
Amalgamated	1.41	1.43	100 @ 1.40
Trust			100 @ 1.60
UTILITIES			
Daily	23.50	23.50	700 @ 23.50
Star Ferry	141	143	65 @ 103
Yau-mat	103	104	65 @ 103
C. Light (O)	23.20	23.20	1425 @ 23.20
			500 @ 23.20
Electric	31	31 1/2	1500 @ 31
Macao Co.	9.20		
HSK (O)	24.20	24.20	
HSK (N)	24.40	24.40	
INDUSTRIALS			
Cent			12.80
Hope			15.20 15.40 1000 @ 15.30
Watson			14 14.50 1500 @ 14
COTTONS			
Amalgamated	4.30	4.30	1000 @ 4.30
Nanyang	7.30		1000 @ 7.30
INVESTMENTS			
HSK & FE			
Invest	9.70	10.00	6 @ 9.70

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:

U.S. dollar (per \$1)	0.10
Sterling notes (per £1)	10.02
Australian notes (per £1)	10.02
Indonesian rupiah (per 100)	17.50
Siam tical (per 100)	27.80
Singapore (Straits)	1.50

NAMESAKES

Answers:—1 Quest, 2 Account, 3 Table, 4 Camelot, 5 Adventure, 6 Knights, 7 Court, 8 History, 9 Merlin, 10 Legend, 11 Chivalry, 12 Lancelot, 13 Arthur, 14 Castle, 15 Queen Guinevere (King Arthur's Queen).

London Operators Visualise Cheaper Money

By C. T. HALLINAN

London, Jan. 20.

Stock markets have been exhilarated all week by the rising conviction that money is going to be cheaper. Not "cheap money" as in the good old days, but cheaper, with the bank rate destined in the near future to be lowered to 5 per cent or possibly 4 1/2 per cent; this frees monies for investment in industry.

If defence expenditures can be lowered, at least in the new budget, this will also release more money for the defence of the harassed economy, but it seems that Mr. Macmillan can make only a modest cut even for the year 1957-58. However, the Hawker-Siddeley shares fell two shillings this past week from the conviction that their earnings would certainly suffer eventually, if not now.

But the market, which was Buttrite to a man, and was obviously taken aback by the emergencies of Mr. Macmillan, consoled itself by the verdict that the new Prime Minister is a "safe" man and has plenty of conservative initiative. Hence a week of bullbaiting.

British governments dominated the entire week with the Government stockbroker selling the Glits owned by the various government departments, and doing it at steadily rising prices.

War Loan led with a rise of 37 shillings 6 pence; Old Consols, 4 per cent, Consols and the Railway Nationalisation stock gained 30/-, carried more than 100 shillings. The Financial Times industrial average closed on Friday at 163.3, a gain of 13 per cent in seven weeks from the low of 101.5 reached on

Canadian Trade With Asia Could Be Record

Ottawa, Jan. 20.

Canadian trade in 1956 with countries in the Far East and Southeast Asia "may well set a record for modern times," an Asian trade expert reported today.

Mr. Paul S. Sykes, Canadian Area Trade Officer for Asia, said in a report to Trade Minister C. D. Howe that exports to Asia have been increasing rapidly and the trend should continue.

Mr. Sykes' report followed the return of Health Minister Paul Martin last week from a 15-nation goodwill tour of South and South-east Asia.

Mr. Martin's visit was not aimed primarily at increasing trade, but government officials believe some extra trade relations may result.

Mr. Sykes said that Canadian trade in the Far East "varies so greatly in extent and composition that it is impossible to consider the areas as a whole, except for the overall balance of exports and imports, in any one period."

Importance Of Japan

"The importance of Japan, for example," he added, "tends to overshadow the importance of the Philippines as a market for staple Canadian exports and the vital importance of Malaysia as a source of raw materials."

Sectional reports to Mr. Howe included:

Japan—"Exports of wheat are being gradually supplemented by sales of an increasing range of foodstuffs raw materials for industry, and some manufactured goods, and the trade is acquiring diversity which was lacking earlier. Imports of Japanese goods have been increasing rapidly to a point where the ratio between export and import values (in \$) is two to one."

South Korea—"The market continues to show the effects of the war. Demand is generally small with wide fluctuations, and the export trade has little relationship to Canadian market capacities."

Taiwan (Nationalist China)—"Associated with its current foreign trade mainly with the United States and Japan."

Communist China—"The trade has fluctuated violently over recent years but now seems to be taking form. Imports from Mainland China have been increasing. The goods involved are wanted in Canada and can be obtained in better quality and at better prices than from other sources. Exports of fertilisers and other non-strategic goods are increasing at the same time and a sound development in the trade would seem to offer mutual benefits."

More Related

Hongkong—"Canadian—Hongkong trade is becoming more and more related to the industrial development of this Colony... long-standing relations with Hongkong trade interests combined with excellent air and sea transport facilities, offer a sound assurance that the trade with this vital and growing consuming and transit area will progress."

Indonesia—"With no present indication that shipping facilities will improve quickly, the outlook for important developments is not very encouraging."

The Philippines—"This is Canada's second largest export market. In the Far East... the Philippines continues to be a valuable market for Canadian flour, newspaper and other papers, fertilisers and a variety of goods."

New markets were also opening in Australia, which had just eased import restrictions, and in Europe.

"It will be the task of industry to seize these opportunities to the full," he declared.—United Press.

The health of the nation depends on its production per head of population, and not on what we may try to scratch from one another. Mr. Thorncycroft added. In other words, what we must all try to do is to put a little more in and take little less out."

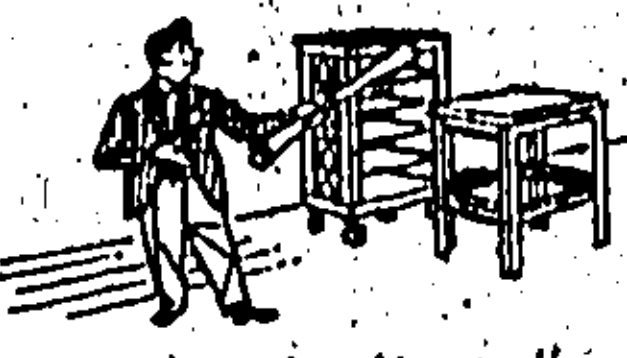
Mr. Thorncycroft pointed out that Britain's exports were up £300,000,000 last year while imports fell by £250,000,000. The United States had increased by 25 per cent.

YOUR ALLY - A GOOD PRINTER

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CHINA MAIL

Page 10

MONDAY, JANUARY 21, 1957.

SHEAFFER'S
"SKORREL" PEN
ADMIRAL

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

'Unsatisfactory Type'

FOR Raymond that Thursday was a red-letter day. For on that morning he put long years of clerking behind him and became a public relations officer. Raymond is a tall, lean, keen-eyed, crusading type of man, aged 36. Just the kind to succeed in a profession where crusades are always being energetically mounted by an all-commissioned army (who ever heard of a public relations officer rank?).

He had the utmost confidence in his future. Such confidence that on his sixth working day he felt bold enough to call on a firm with whom his employers did business and ask them: "Can you lend us \$30? Our float has run out, my boss said you would help."

GENEROUSLY, FOOLISHLY...

"U" was his office, though they knew nothing of the transaction. Raymond wanted the money for himself, to settle some debts. He was given \$25, all the loose cash available.

His debt was soon discovered. At Bow Street Raymond pleaded guilty to obtaining the \$25 by false pretences.

"I shall pay back the money, of course," said Raymond airily to Mr. Bertram Reese. "I needed it because I generously and foolishly lent money to other people..."

PERNICIOUS

"ONLY that I've another excellent job to go to," said Raymond. A policeman

stepped forward. "There's a warrant out for this man," he said, "for \$43 maintenance arrears to his wife, from whom he is separated."

The magistrate nodded and turned back to Raymond. "You're a pernickious type," he said. "A thoroughly unsatisfactory person. Pay a fine of £10, and £25 compensation to the losers. You can have 28 days in which to find the money. The alternative is 28 days."

"I'll find it, sir, certainly," said Raymond, and briskly he left, with a glance at the Press box no full of meaning, that we half expected that before the morning was through, we would receive a prepared statement on the case beginning: "An official spokesman said today..."

Charged With Illegal Entry

Five women charged with illegal entry were remanded two days in police custody by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central Magistracy this morning.

Defendants are Wong Sau-wah, 32, Si Lai-yung, 27, Ko Po-wah, 26, Ng Yuk-kee, 26 and Si Sau-ko, 18.

They are alleged on January 16 to have entered the Colony on board the ferry Man Fat off Castle Peak without a permit from the Immigration Office.

Another woman, Cheung Wai-chun, 42, charged with aiding and abetting illegal immigrants, was represented by Mr. J. L. Lynn.

Defence counsel applied for bail on behalf of his client which was fixed at \$500.

Inconsiderate Driver Is Fined

H. H. Sparso of 39' Shouson Hill Road, charged with driving without reasonable consideration for other persons using the road, was this morning fined \$100 by Mr. Thomas Tam at Central Magistracy.

His licence was also ordered to be endorsed. A bus driver, Chan Jim, in evidence, told the Court that he was driving a bus along Queen's Road from East to West on October 21 last year. Near the junction of Stubbs Road, defendant's car, which was stationary, suddenly pulled out from Stubbs Road. "I had to apply my brake and swerve violently to the left. If I did not stop, my bus would have hit that vehicle," said witness.

Sub-Inspector C. D. Mayger told the Court that on November 30, last year, he went to the Queen's Building and made inquiries. He asked defendant whether he was driving the vehicle that day, and defendant admitted he did but said he could not recall the incident.

BOMB HOAXER

San Francisco, Jan. 21. Air services between Honolulu and the United States were seriously disrupted on Sunday due to a bomb hoaxer, an anonymous caller who told the Honolulu FBI that he had placed a bomb aboard a plane at Honolulu airport. He did not name the aircraft.

Five planes which had already flown too far to turn back were informed, and they were searched on their arrival at San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland.

Other planes which were not taking off were immediately searched, and flights were delayed. France-Press.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"George is a nice boy, but he's got moudy ideas—thinks the place for a wife to work is at home!"

Two Alleged Rioters Go On Trial

The rioting in Tsun Wan on October 11 last was recalled when two men, employees of a textile factory, appeared on trial before Mr Justice T. J. Gould in the Criminal Sessions this morning charged with intimidation and rioting.

Accused are Lee Piu-fan, 35, spinner, and Chan Siu-tin, alias Chan Shiu-bak, 30, mechanic.

Both are charged with threatening. To Tsang-hei, assistant factory manager of the South Textiles Ltd., Castle Peak Road, Tsun Wan, with injury to the factory and its employees with intent to cause him to dismiss certain employees of the factory and to do divers other acts none of which acts he was legally bound to do.

They are further charged, together with more than three other persons unknown, on October 11, 1956, with riotously assembling together. First accused faces an additional charge of rioting on October 12, 1956.

Mr W. S. Collier, Crown Counsel, is prosecuting, assisted by Det. Insp. P. J. Clancy. Accused are defended by Mr V. L. J. Dalton on the instructions of Mr P. D. A. Remedios.

START DELAYED

Mr Dalton who arrived an hour and a half late apologized to his Lordship and the Jury for being late. He said that in fact there was some misunderstanding with regard to the matter. He had understood in the first place that the case would not be heard today but would take place following the end of another criminal case now being heard in another Court.

His Lordship said he did not know how that misunderstanding had arisen because the case was originally set down for trial today and the date had not been changed.

To Tsang-hei in evidence said he was the assistant factory manager of the South Textiles Ltd. which dealt in weaving and cotton yarn. The factory employed over 500 workers.

On the evening of October 11, To said he was in the factory and noticed a crowd of over 100 assembling outside the premises. They were making a commotion and some were carrying Chinese Nationalist flags.

CROWD'S DEMANDS

Witness said he asked a folk to find out what the matter was. Shortly afterwards the man returned with the first accused, who, witness said, was in the crowd outside. First accused and witness said he had known him since he (witness) took up employment with the factory in 1955.

Witness said that first accused said to him: "The crowd outside wanted me to tell you that they want the management of the factory to hoist the Chinese Nationalist flag and that all work must be stopped to allow the workers to do what they want." Witness said that he told first accused that he would consider the request because he had only one intention, and that was to maintain work in the factory.

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COUNSEL APOLOGISES TO POLICE INSPECTOR

The Ernst Murder case is expected to finish today. None of the five Chinese accused charged with the murder of Mrs Ursula Margareta Ernst, wife of a Chancellor of the Swiss Consulate, is giving evidence or making statements in their defence, and Counsel this morning began their closing addresses.

As soon as the Court convened this morning, Defence Counsel, Mr Terence Shurlock, publicly withdrew the allegations of assault against Divisional Det. Insp. W. Watson and apologized.

"In the course of evidence adduced by the prosecution, I have had occasion to make certain allegations against Insp. Watson that he assaulted the fourth accused. These allegations were in regard to statements signed by the fourth accused. These allegations have since proved to be unfounded. In the circumstances I wish to express my regret to Insp. Watson and to offer him my apologies," Mr Shurlock said.

The five accused on trial before a special jury are: Tsang, 28, unemployed; Man Chun-yau, 26, unemployed; Choi Kwok-fai, 27, unemployed; Li Chuen, 31, hawker; and Lee Shu-wing, 26, earth cooler. All are defended by Mr Terence Shurlock, instructed by Peter Mo and Co.

Mrs Ernst died of burns two days after a taxi in which she and her husband were travelling was turned overturned and set on fire by a mob at the junction of Tai Po Road and Castle Peak Road on the afternoon of October 11 last year during the Kowloon riots.

Before he began his address on the case, Mr Blair-Kerr said that he welcomed the "hand-some" apology of Mr Shurlock in regard to the allegations of beating-up which he was instructed to make against Insp. Watson at the trial.

Counsel for the Defence, he said, had a very difficult task and his responsibility was almost as great, if not greater, than that of Counsel for the Crown. "He has instructions and he has to put forward those instructions irrespective of whether he believes them or not," Mr Blair-Kerr said of Defence Counsel.

He added that in the "rough and tumble" of a criminal trial it might appear to people not appearing as Counsel that Counsel were at daggers drawn and disliked each other. Nothing could be farther from the truth.

ALWAYS IMPORTANT

As to the case itself, Mr Blair-Kerr said that a murder trial was always an important trial. It was different from any other trial, but by virtue of the consequences which fell it was only natural that the Jury should feel the matter should be sifted as carefully as possible.

Crown Counsel listed three things which the Crown had to prove in the present case. That a death had occurred as a result of the acts committed by the accused or by others acting with the accused; that this death occurred in circumstances which amounted to murder; and that the accused were amongst those responsible although there might be others, not before the Court who were equally guilty.

As to the first point there could be no possible doubt in the minds of the Jury at all, said Mr Blair-Kerr, recalling the evidence of the attack on the Ernsts with sticks and stones and the burning of the taxi and that Mrs Ernst had 70 per cent of her body burned.

The case for the Crown could be put in one or two ways, said Mr Blair-Kerr. One was: "If a man did what amounted to a dangerous act, whether or not he intended that death should result from that act, then that is murder on his part."

The other was: "If a person has an intention to commit an act involving violence, then any act done in the furtherance of this felony or during the actual commission of it, is guilty of murder."

Mr Blair-Kerr said that he felt that the turning over of a taxi with people inside and setting it on fire was a felony involving violence, the felony being causing grievous bodily harm to the people in the taxi.

"The first thing we ought to satisfy ourselves in this case is whether there was a common object in this murder case," said Crown Counsel, suggesting that the common object of this gang was undoubtedly to stop and overturn and burn vehicles.

He said this object was gleaned from all the circumstances of the case. He pointed to the photograph of the mob around the taxi and asked the Jury to note the expressions on their faces. This, he said, was the crowd which ran after the taxi and stopped it and were joined by others from across the street where another vehicle was overturned and set on fire. He said that those who were present, and able, and willing and in a position to help those who overturned the taxi and set it on fire were equally guilty.

He said that in most instances like that witness would say they were 80 per cent sure and that would be a very trifling answer. But this did not detract from the identification.

When it came to identifying people as having taken part in some incident the people who remained were those who were those whom one knew before or those who took a permanent part.

Answering Mr Shurlock's criticism about "suppressed evidence," Mr Blair-Kerr said it was the practice of the Crown to record identification before the case was put to the Jury. He said that the books which contained everything were always before the Court. Hearing is continuing.

DEATH OF FR. JOHN CARROLL

News has been received of the death of Rev. John Carroll, 83, who was Rector of Wah Yan College, Hongkong, from 1951-1956. Father Carroll died in Brisbane, Australia, where he had gone for convalescence after a serious operation at the beginning of last year.

Fr. Carroll, who was 46 years of age when he was born in Leix, in Ireland. He was educated at Mungret College, Limerick, and entered the Society of Jesus in 1930. He continued his studies in the National University of Ireland, where he took the B.A. degree and Higher Diploma of Education.

He came to Hongkong in 1938, and after two years of Chinese studies was assigned to Wah Yan College, where he taught literature and history, and was editor of the college magazine The Star. He then went to Australia to study theology, and was ordained by Archbishop (now Cardinal) Gilroy in 1944. At the close of the war he went to Europe and then returned to Hongkong in 1947.

LONG ILLNESS

All the succeeding years were spent in Wah Yan College. After a period of teaching he was appointed Rector of Studies in 1948, and then Rector. He supervised the building of the new college in Queen's Road, East, and presided at its inauguration in September, 1955. A few months later his health broke down and he bore a long illness with great fortitude.

His long illness was a considerable loss to education in Hongkong. He was a man of conspicuous literary and artistic ability, but the interests of his later years were wholly directed to education.

He kept himself well informed on educational developments in many countries and his only regret at his loss of health was that he was unable to put into practice the many plans that he had in mind for the development of his school.

He was a member of the Grant Schools Council, of the Board of Control of the Hongkong School Certificate Examination Syndicate, and he was Chairman of the Biblical Knowledge Sub-Committee. He was also a member of the Court of the Hongkong University.

Requiem Mass for Fr. Carroll will be celebrated at St. Margaret's Church, Happy Valley, on Wednesday, at 9 a.m.

Bergman Leaves

New York, Jan. 21. The Swedish-born screen actress Ingrid Bergman left New York by air on Monday night for Paris after a 36-hour visit to the United States to receive the Critics Prize for the best actress of the year. France-Press.

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Printed and published by Robin Gordon Brownson for and on behalf of South China Morning Post, Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.